THE NAPANEE EXPRESS

Historical Society

Vol. LXI No. 2—E. J. POLLARD, Editor and Proprietor. $1 per year in advance, $1.50 if not so paid

NAPANEE, ONTARIO, CANADA—TUESDAY, DECEMBER 13th, 1921.

DOXSEE & CO.

Clearance of Winter Millinery

Every Hat in stock must be sold before stock-taking, and the best way to do this is to make the prices low enough to induce you to BUY NOW.

LADIES' BLOUSES

in Crepe de Chene, Georgette and Voile. Prices $4.25 and $5.00.

LADIES' HOSIERY

Plain Black Cashmere Hose, spliced heel and toe. Sizes 9, 9½, and 10—at $1.00.

LADIES' SILK SCARFS

Shades Blue, Rose, Green, White, Black and Mauve—Special Prices.

Novelties in Neckwear, Camasoles, etc.

The Leading Millinery House

XMAS GIFTS

We have just received a nice line of

"DOURO" ALUMINUM-WARE

(fully guaranteed)

and put up in attractive boxes for Xmas.

We have also

Pyrex Ovenware, Snow Shoes, Skates, Safety Razors, Hand Sleighs,

And many other suitable goods for gifts.

You will find the prices this year quite reasonable.

DAVY & ALLISON,

Next to Caton's.

COAL

I have a supply of choice, fresh mined

Hard Coal

CHAS. STEVENS

10-tf

Bran, Shorts, Flour and Feed

Cheaper than the Cheapest

Frost Fence Wire and Gates on Spring Payments.

Maple Cord Wood at $10 per Cord

at Dennis O'Connors. See him.

Hay, Grain and Seeds bought and sold. Car lots delivered at any station.

FRED. A. PERRY,

Dundas Street,

NAPANEE, - ONTARIO.

Opposite Campbell House.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR DIVORCE

Notice is hereby given that WILLIAM ARTHUR IRISH, of the Town of Napanee, formerly of the Township of Camden, in the County of Lennox and Addington, in the Province of Ontario, salesman, will apply to the Parliament of Canada at the next session thereof for a bill of divorce from his wife FLORENCE BEATRICE IRISH whose last known address was Toronto, Ont., on the grounds of adultery and desertion.

Dated at Napanee, Province of Ontario, October 17th, 1921.

U. M. WILSON,
Solicitor for Applicant.
46-13

TO THE ELECTORS OF LENNOX AND ADDINGTON

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN :—

I wish to extend my sincere thanks to the electors of Lennox and Addington for the generous support on December 6th, and to congratulate the loyal workers who, through untiring efforts, contributed to the success of the campaign.

I would also extend my sincere thanks to all those who supplied cars and vehicles on election day to assist in getting out the vote, and to all those electors, both ladies and gentlemen, who contributed to the success of the campaign.

Sincerely yours,

E. J. SEXSMITH.

NOTICE

Are you in favor of the ABOLITION of STATUTE LABOR in the Township of Richmond ?

TAKE NOTICE that the foregoing is a correct statement of the question to be submitted to the votes of the Electors at the same time and at the same places as the annual election for the Municipal Council, 1922, and the Deputy Returning Officers appointed to hold the said election shall take the vote.

And that on the 28th day of December, 1921, at two o'clock in the afternoon at the town hall, in the said municipality has been fixed for the appointment of persons to attend at the polling places and at the final summing up of the votes by the Clerk.

Dated 9th December, 1921.

H. A. WOOD,
Clerk Township of Richmond
2-c Selby P.O.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that there is in force in the Town of Napanee a By-Law in respect to the cutting of trees which provides that no one shall be allowed to cut any trees from the streets and public highways of the Corporation without first getting the consent of the Council, or the Streets Committee," and the By-Law further provides a severe penalty in case of breach of the By-Law. It has been brought to the attention of the Council that in the last few months many beautiful shade trees have been cut and it has been decided that this indiscriminate cutting of trees must be stopped.

BY ORDER,

W. A. GRANGE,
Clerk.

Dated Dec. 12th, 1921.

NOTICE OF REGISTRATION OF BY-LAW.

Notice is hereby given that a By-Law was passed by the Council of the County of Lennox and Addington on the 25th day of November, 1921, providing for the issue of debentures to the amount of $35,000 for the purpose of paying the county's proportion of expenditure on construction of the Provincial Highway in the County of Lennox and Addington pursuant to the provisions of the Provincial Highways Act, and that such By-Law was registered in the Registry Office, in the County of Lennox and Addington, on the 28th day of November, 1921.

Any motion to quash or set aside the same, or any part thereof, must be made within three months after the first publication of this notice, and cannot be made thereafter.

W. G. WILSON,
County Clerk.

Dated the 28th day of Nov., 1921.
51-d

Tanlac is one medicine that does what they say it will do. Tanlac is sold in Napanee at Wallace's Drug Store, Limited, and by leading druggists everywhere.

If you are feeling badly, put your troubles away by taking Tanlac. Tanlac is sold in Napanee at Wallace's Drug Store, Limited, and by leading druggists everywhere.

To Everyman

THE first and most important aim of Everyman who desires to succeed should be the same as that of successful business and financial houses—the formation of a Reserve Fund.

A reserve is not only invaluable when reverses or emergencies arise, but it is a guarantee of strength and promotes self-confidence.

THE STANDARD BANK OF CANADA

TOTAL ASSETS OVER NINETY MILLIONS

Napanee Branch: R. R. White, Manager.

Branches also at Belleville, Brighton, Campbellford, Deseronto, Marysville, Newburgh, Picton, Selby, Trenton, Kingston and Melrose.

DOUBLE DROWNING IN BEAVER LAKE

Kenneth Hughes, Tamworth, and Young Man Named Peterson of Arden, Victims.

Kenneth Hughes, aged eighteen years, son of Mr. and Mrs. Wesley Hughes, R.M.D., Tamworth, and a young man named Peterson, aged twenty years, who resided at Arden, lost their lives when they broke through the ice while skating on Beaver Lake, on Thursday afternoon last.

Louis LeVeck, aged sixteen years, who recently came to live in that locality, also broke through the ice, but was able to get out of the water. He skated home and gave the alarm.

The accident occurred at 2.30 o'clock. The place where the young men were drowned is about two and one-half miles north of the Village of Tamworth. It was thought that the most of the ice was firm enough to carry skaters, but the party skated on a weak place.

When the three plunged into the icy water, LeVeck was fortunate to get to safety, while his two companions sank in thirty feet of water. After getting out of the hole, LeVeck made his way to his home and gave the alarm. When he arrived he was so overcome that it was some minutes before he was able to speak.

A search party was organized and at 4.30 o'clock the two bodies were recovered.

Mr. and Mrs. Hughes also lost a son in the Great War.

An inquest was held at Tamworth on Thursday night, and the verdict was, "accidental death."

Buy a Phonograph at GIBBARD'S and make it a real Xmas for the family.

DEATH OF C. A. ANDERSON

After but a short illness Mr. Chas. A. Anderson passed away on Saturday, at the Hotel Dieu, Kingston. Mr. Anderson had been suffering for some time from an inward goitre, and in hope hospital treatment would effect a relief went to Kingston about a week ago. Several doctors were called in consultation, and an operation was performed Thursday. Mr. Anderson rallied nicely from the operation, but on Friday evening he began to sink rapidly, and it was seen that the end was not far away.

Mr. Anderson was sixty-one years of age, and had been in business in Napanee for a long number of years, first in the livery business, and later in the automobile business.

For over twenty years Anderson's bus to and from the station, has been a familiar to travellers as to the residents of Napanee.

A staunch friend and agreeable companion, Mr. Anderson will be sadly missed among those who knew him best.

The funeral takes place this (Tuesday) afternoon from the residence of his son; Mr. G. H. Anderson.

A wealth of beautiful floral tokens pay silent tribute to the worth of a deceased friend.

Besides his widow, and one child, Mr. G. Harold Anderson, remains.

A GOOD IDEA.

Dear Sir :

I do hope and pray that a Union Watch Night Service may be held in Napanee and in the villages all around, commencing on Sunday night, December 31st, to pray for a heaven sent revival and speedy world-wide evangelization. Last year a number of watch night services were held for this purpose. May there be many more this year. God wills supreme blessings to come into the life of each individual believer. He says, "Ye have not, because ye ask not." "Ask and ye shall receive that your joy may be full" ; John 16-24. We need a revival of daily Family Prayer and of memorizing Scripture to keep our dear young people safe in these days of stress and strain and temptation. Jesus sent Satan away with Bible verses. So may we when we know them.

Thanking you very much, Mr. Editor, for this space.

A BIBLE LOVER.

Order your Xmas Greeting Cards now, from Express Printing House. Choice designs, reasonable prices.

Quebec Heaters !

Are becoming exceedingly popular, with or without oven attachment, in several styles, at WILSON'S HARDWARE.

TOWN COUNCIL MEETING

Council met in regular session on Thursday evening, Mayor M. P. Graham, presiding.

Present—Reeve Boyes and Councillors Paul, Ming, Wilson, and Hartman.

A communication from the Public Works Department, Ottawa, stated that the Department would send a man to examine the nuisance complained of in respect to the burning of soft coal at the post office.

A communication from the Provincial Highways Department notified the council that the Department had taken over that portion of Robin's hill down to the bridge, and had filed plan of same in the Registry Office.

A further communication informed the council that the matter of work on the hill was still under advisement.

The Police Committee were authorized to purchase a Colts' revolver and handcuffs for the night police.

The following accounts were ordered paid :

B. H. Cochrane	$ 3.50
A. E. Cook	4.50
Imperial Oil Co.	50.00
E. O. Ungar	12.87
E. Pringle	15.75
Napanee Iron Works	9.37
F. Edgar	6.95
J. L. Boyes	2.55
Davis & Coates	13.03
A. Wiseman	.50
D. B. Wilson	2.35
J. H. Brown	4.25
Albert Smith	5.95
E. R. McCabe	5.85
Seymour Bros	56.25
Ming & McGuire	11.50
Davy & Allison	1.50
Davy & Allison	5.00
R. J. Wales	8.15
Boyle & Son	25.00
M. B. Mills	2.55

The Wrist Watch.

We have the Ladies' Wrist Watch in all the newest shapes and sizes—they are as popular as ever. Prices have dropped, and you will be pleased with our values. Our guarantee will insure you satisfaction.

SMITH'S JEWELLERY STORE.

CROYDON S. S. No. 4
(November)

SR. IV—Edna Kring, *Elsie Teskey, *Dorothy Campbell.

JR. IV—Etta Kring, Joe Perry, Berniece Galbraith, Harold Hughes.

SR. III—Raymond Campbell.

JR. III—Herbert Asselstine, Vera Smith, Viverton Teskey, Louis Wright, even), Margaret Nolan, Marjorie Teskey.

SR. II—Guy Barragar, Margaret Hart, Wilhemine Lyman.

JR. II—Elizabeth Nolan, Clifford Haggerty, *Elsie Hart, *Alfonsas Fowler.

SR. PRIMER—Marie Barragar, Winnie Galbraith, Frances McKeown.

JR. PRIMER—Frank Maxwell, Marion Fowler, Annie Green, Dennis Nolan, Elmer Green, Annie Clouse, Edith Green, Vera McKeown.

*Absent one examination.
Average attendance 24.

J. F. PAUL,
Teacher.

DIRECT HELP FOR THE FARMER.

There are probably more people requiring financial assistance this year than any year for some time past. The banks are doing their best to meet the requirements, but the heavy demands upon them, make it necessary to adhere as rigidly as possible to the short date loan.

A loan for a few months, is of little use to the farmer in most cases. When they borrow money for the purpose of buying cattle, machinery, seed, fertilizer, in fact nearly everything connected with the farm, they require, that part at least, of the money needed, to pay back this loan, shall be earned by that which was purchased with the money borrowed. This takes in most cases, in the neighborhood of a year.

The Ontario Government at the last session passed two bills, which when put into operation, should greatly assist the farmers in financing their business.

The Government have an agricultural expert here, to help farmers, Mr. C. C. Main. He understands these systems by which financial assistance is available to the farmers through this Department, and he is anxious to help. It would appear that it is now up to the farmer to help himself. We would suggest that he get in touch with Mr. C. C. Main at Napanee, for detailed information on this subject.

MOSCOW

The election passed of as usual, a majority of fifty-one being piled up for A. B. Carscallen.

Mr. and Mrs. I. Asselstine, Mr. and Mrs. T. Asselstine, and Mr. and Mrs. Ungar, spent Sunday week at Amos. Huffman's.

A number from this vicinity have had some good skating at Varty Lake.

A successful open meting of the Mission Band was held at the home of Mrs. W. Close. A good programme was furnished by the children. Refreshments were served. All are pleased to see that the Mission Band is progressing so favorably under the able leadership of Mrs. Close.

Miss Gladys Asselstine spent Thursday and Friday in Napanee.

The Best Grade of French Ivory.

All articles are made up in sets if desired. We have every piece at a separate price as well. We engrave your initial or monogram on each piece in colored letters.

SMITH'S JEWELLERY STORE.

SCHOOL BOARD

The Napanee Board of Education met in regular session on Monday evening, Chairman Alpine Woods presiding.

Members present—Messrs. P. Gleeson, C. A. Wiseman, J. M. Thompson, S. R. Miller, G. A. Thompson, E. J. Pollard, J. L. Boyes, G. W. Gibbard.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved.

A circular letter from the Department of Education re Union School Boards, and asking certain questions re Napanee Board.

The Secretary was requested to answer the circular.

A notice re appointment of School Attendance Officer was received.

On motion F. W. Barrett was appointed School Attendance Officer for 1922, at a salary of $50.00.

The report of Inspector F. G. F. Rogers was laid before the Board.

The report pronounced everything in connection with the Collegiate as in good condition, but reported that the building was crowded.

The repost was on motion fyled.

The Finance Committe reported recommending the payment of accounts of : Rowley Co., $5.46; Davy & Allison, $40.15 ; wood, E. W., $4.00 ; R. Light, Collegiate, $8.75 ; G. A. Cliff, $9.90.

Accounts of The Napanee Express was referred to Supply Committee with power to act.

The Principal of the Public Schools reported total pupils on roll 454. Average attendance 405. Percentage of attendance 85.3.

Council adjourned.

SELBY

There was no service in the Methodist church here on Sunday night on account of the anniversary services at Dempsey Hill.

Mr. and Mrs. M. Hudgins took dinner recently at A. Wood's.

Mrs. D. Mckim spent a few days the other week at Napanee.

Miss Amey Doidge spent a few days at Centreville.

Miss H. Thompson, Deseronto, visited Miss E. Fitzpatrick.

A number attended the play given by the young people.

DENBIGH

Times are generally a little dull here in the fall after the closing of the hunting season, and the open season, but an unusual interest was shown this fall in the approaching general election, and the public meetings held here in the interest of the candidates of both political parties, which were all well attended, and the addresses and statements made by the speakers were listened to with close attention. The electors also turned out promptly on election day and the strictest order prevailed at both polls. A report of the result of the election was eagerly looked for, and thanks to our recently established telephone service, was received the same evening, to the satisfaction of the majority, and disappointment of the minority of the electors.

A shooting match for turkeys was held here on the third inst., but as it was so much enjoyed that another match was arranged and held on the 6th inst. As more turkeys could not be obtained, fowls were substituted (two fowl for one turkey) and the sport was also greatly enjoyed.

The young people are practicing for a concert to be held at C. Both's hall on the 16th inst., which will, no doubt, be well patronized.

CAMDEN EAST

The weather of the past few days has been clear and cold and only lacks snow to make ideal winter weather.

J. W. Loucks is improving after his recent illness.

Mrs. John Skinner was called to the bedside of her father, George Lee, Harrowsmith, who passed to his eternal reward on Sunday afternoon, December 4th, at two o'clock. The funeral was held from the home of his son, Wm. Lee.

Mr. and Mrs. Cowan and children, Napanee, were at F. Coakwell's on Sunday.

Geo. Riley has employed Mr. H. Cunningham as clerk in his store until after Christmas.

Mr. and Mrs. Charlie Histed entertained several of their friends to supper on a recent Friday evening.

Mrs. Jas. Robinson has returned home after spending a couple of weeks at Mr. Shield's, Tamworth.

Mr. and Mrs. L. H. Hartman and W. Loucks spent a day in Napanee.

The members of the Methodist Sunday school are practicing for their annual entertainment.

The A.Y.P.A. gave their play entitled "Diamonds and Hearts" in the church hall.

Ladies, Attention !

We are this week offering a complete assortment of the finest Ladies' Ready-to-Wear Coats Suits, Dresses, Skirts, Blouses, Children's Dresses, etc. Low prices on all lines. Drop in and look our stock over.

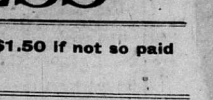
MRS. JOS. SAGAR,
Opposite Anderson's Garage.

"His Master's Voice" Records, now 85c.—at GIBBARD'S.

Community Silver !

The same standard of QUALITY, at greatly reduced prices, at WILSON'S HARDWARE.

THIS is the real Green Tea



The rich yet delicate flavour of the perfectly prepared 'green' leaf will always be found in the sealed Salada packet.

BURGLARIES

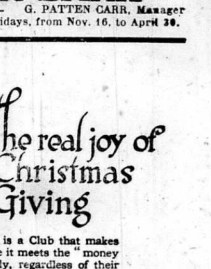
IN these days when house robberies, hold-ups and petty thefts are so numerous, a Safety Deposit Box is the safest place for Bonds and other valuable Securities, Jewelry, Silverware, etc.

Avoid risk of loss by renting one of our Safety Deposit Boxes. Rentals moderate.

THE DOMINION BANK

NAPANEE BRANCH - G. PATTEN CARR, Manager

Roblin Branch open Thursdays, Fridays, from Nov. 16, to April 30.



The real joy of Christmas Giving

Our "Christmas Club" is a Club that makes gift-giving easy, because it meets the "money condition" of everybody, regardless of their age or circumstances.

You come to the Bank; tell us how much you wish to save each week for Christmas next year; and you are enrolled as a member of whichever class of Club you select. Your first deposit makes you a member. And as a member, the total amount you deposit for fifty weeks will make you and those you care for most, fifty times happier than if you had not saved at all.

You can join any one or more of the classes you like. These various classes run from the 1 cent a week Increasing Payment Class, which gives $12.75 at the end of the fifty-week period, up to the $20.00 a week Even Payment Class, which yields $1000 at the end of the Club period, with graduated Clubs of all sizes in between.

Even Payment Classes

In which the same amount is deposited each week for 50 weeks

25c. weekly totals	$12.50
50c. weekly totals	25.00
$1.00 weekly totals	50.00
$2.00 weekly totals	100.00
$5.00 weekly totals	250.00
$10.00 weekly totals	500.00
$20.00 weekly totals	1000.00

Increasing Payment Classes

in which increasing amounts are deposited each week for 50 weeks

1c. and increase totals	$12.75
2c. and increase totals	25.50
5c. and increase totals	63.75
10c. and increase totals	127.50

You can join several classes if you wish

Napanee Branch - - - - - - C. H. Anderson, Manager

The MERCHANTS BANK Christmas Club

DR. G. H. HOLLINGSHEAD, D.C., Chiropractor

Consultation, Free.

Hours : 9 a.m. to 12 noon ; 1 p.m. till 6 p.m. ; 7 p.m. to 8 p.m.

Cor. Bridge and East Streets, NAPANEE

H. W. GALLAGHER

The People's Auctioneer

My experience in handling a number of very successful sales has convinced my patrons that I am capable of handling any sale and guarantee to give you perfect satisfaction.

List your sales with me.

H. W. GALLAGHER.

Phone 10 ring 1-3,
Adolphustown.
11-3-m

UNFURNISHED ROOMS TO LET —First door south of Royal Bank. Apply CHAS. BRUTON. 1

GIRL WANTED — for general housework, until Xmas, small family. Apply MRS. NOONAN, Centre St., near Thomas St. 1

30 BARRED ROCK PULLETS FOR SALE — Good laying strain. Apply HERBERT CHAMBERS, R. H. No. 2, Napanee. Telephone 183, ring 4-4. 2-ap

HOUSE TO RENT—North half of double brick house on Robert Street. Newly papered and painted. Apply JAS. CLIFF, 2 doors south of premises. 1

FOR SALE—10 acres, just outside the Corporation, choice garden soil, ploughed, good frame house and barn. Very convenient and well located. $2,900.00. F. C. BOGART. 1

The Market Grocery.

Fresh Groceries each week. Quality is our first consideration in buying St. Lawrence Granulated Sugar. High grade flour. Our stock of Teas is now complete—high grade Teas are scarce, and are good buying now. We handle only high grade Coffee, and our sales are increasing.

THOMPSON BROS.

FOR SALE—2 Cream Separators ; 1 600 lb., $59.50 ; 1 800 lb., $64.50. SID. C. S. McKIM, Napanee. 2-tf

HOUSE TO LET—Brick house, with modern conveniences, on East street. Apply to HARTMAN & CARD. 2-tf

FOR SALE — A Panddra Range, nearly new. Apply HYDRO SUB-STATION, Napanee. 52-cp

FOR SALE—A desirable residence in South Napanee. Bargain for quick sale. Apply to N. B. MILLER. 20-tf

WOOD FOR SALE—A quantity of soft wood, stove length, for sale cheap. Apply to any Napanee carter. 30-dp

FOR SALE—A number of houses and lots in town, and also a number of desirable farms. Apply to T. B. GERMAN. 42-tf

WANTED TO BUY—Two chairs, small or armchair ; old fashioned sewing table, walnut or mahogany. Must be reasonable. Apply Box 622, THIS OFFICE. 51

W. T. BAIRD
ORGANIST AND CHOIR DIRECTOR
of Trinity Methodist Church
Teacher of Piano, Organ and Voice Culture.
A few pupils will be accepted.
Studio—West Street.

ROYAL HOTEL **BARBER SHOP**
HARRY SCOTT, Proprietor.
Everything Neat and Sanitary
Best of Service Guaranteed.
GIVE US A TRIAL

THE PLAZA BARBER SHOP TOBACCO STORE
Best Attention, Careful Workmen
Quality Brands of Cigars, Tobacco, Cigarettes, Pipes, etc.
ARTHUR YOUNG, Proprietor

H. W. SMITH
Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College. B. V. Sc., of Toronto University.
OFFICE—Centre Street. PHONE 61

R. A. LEONARD, M. D., C. P. S.
Physician Surgeon, Etc.
Late House Surgeon of the Kingston General Hospital
Office—North side of Dundas St., between West and Robert Sts., Napanee.

T. M. GALBRAITH
B. A., M. D., C. M.
Cor. Dundas and West Streets
Specialty—Diseases of Children.
Office hours—Until 9 a. m. 1 p. m. till 3 p. m. 7 till 9 p. m.
Telephone—279.

Dr. R. V. McLAUGHLIN, DENTIST
Entrance on John Street.
Over Wallace's Drug Store.
Telephone—10

The Best Service

A store can give its customers is to provide the best possible **VALUES** for the prices asked.

We seek to do this, and it is our purpose to make you feel you can absolutely depend upon the **QUALITY** of your purchases here.

OUR STOCK OF CLOTHING AND FURNISHINGS MERIT YOUR CAREFUL CONSIDERATION.

THE GRAHAM CO'Y.,
Napanee Ont.

BUY YOUR
BUTTER WRAPPERS
AT THIS OFFICE

Hard and soft cut wood for sale. 'Phone 53.
ROBT. LIGHT. 44tf

WOOD
Blocks, Cordwood, Hardwood Slabs, stove lengths or 4 ft.
Flour, Feed, Groceries, Salt.
S. CASEY DENISON,
CENTRE STREET, NORTH.
'Phone 101.

Courtesy and Beauty.

Railway headquarters may issue general orders but unless station agents dig and water, there will be no beautiful grounds to rest the eyes of passengers. With this in mind the Grand Trunk Railway is thanking its staff for the way in which during the past eighteen months they have improved the horticulture and decoration of station premises in Ontario. Areas which would otherwise have been waste and ugly pieces of ground have been turned into green lawns, shrubberies and flower-beds.

The track workers as well devote considerable time to the work, finding it just a little pleasanter than burning grass or relaying track and replacing ties. A large portion of the upkeep, the higher officials notice, has been done by the track and station staffs in their own time. This indicates the spirit behind it. The company's part is to provide the materials. The men plan the plots and do the work. A general discovery is that the man who is courteous to the traveling public is also inclined to be considerate of sore eyes which formerly suffered from the down-at-the-heel air of railway premises.

European Trip—Summer of 1921

MISS FLORENCE WITHROW
Conductress

A Paper given by Mrs. M. C. Bogart before the I.O.D.E. on Armistice Day.

We sailed from Montreal on July 1st, on the good ship "Melita," of 14,000 tons. We found her a fine steady-going, and very congenial company on board. With the exception of Miss Withrow, Miss Ritchie, and Mrs. McLaren, we did not know any one, but one by one, we grew acquainted with the members of our party, and found them very pleasant, charming people.

There were four parties on board, two American, and two Canadian; ours was the largest. On Sunday we had a splendid service in the dining salon. The Rev. Mr. Hanna, of the Presbyterian church, Montreal, gave a fine sermon. In the evening a song service was very much enjoyed. Dancing in the lounge room in the evening was a favorite pastime for the young people, and the older ones, and we, also, enjoy it, as well as the halt, the lame, and I may say, the blind, as some of them were quite oblivious to the charms of "only one girl."

We had two concerts going over. The Americans gave one on the 4th of July, and we listened to some fervid oratory on the Declaration of Independence, but I must say they were very kind in their reference to Great Britain and Canada, and we enjoyed it very much.

The menu cards at dinner were all "A La Americane."

The proceeds from the concert was £18.

The Canadian concert was good too, as we had two of the head men of the Dunlop Bells company on board, going over for a short holiday. They were very generous with their songs, and what we don't know about where to go Sydys go in the winter time, is not worth knowing. The proceeds from the concert was £21 which goes to the Seamen's Home in Liverpool.

We saw some graceful looking icebergs not far away, but since the Titanic disaster I have no love for icebergs, as we sailed a couple of days after she went down. After a wonderful voyage for perfect calmness we landed in Liverpool one day late, on account of the fog off the banks of Newfoundland. Liverpool, as you know, has the longest docks in the world. They extend for seven or eight miles. It was without deep regret we left our little cabin home on board ship. We had lunch in Liverpool, and crossed over to Birkenhead, and took the train for Chester. At Liverpool our guide, Mr. Giddings, met us. I will say right here he was a splendid guide in many ways. A fine linguist, tall and muscular, and as a judge of liquid refreshments, could not be beaten; also quite a taste for feminine charms.

Chester is one of the oldest towns in England, situated on the river Dee. You will remember the old song, the Miller of the Dee who envied no man, and no man envied him, except the King of England." It has a stone wall seven miles in circuit, and from twelve to forty feet high. From one of the lookouts on the wall Charles the First witnessed the defeat of his army on Marston Moor, near the city, by Cromwell's Ironsides. The wall is about four feet wide. We enjoyed a walk around this old wall this Sunday evening, looking at the stately homes of England, also the more modest homes of the working people, and no matter how humble the home is, you will always find some pretty flowers, either in the windows or garden, and quantities of ivy covering the shabby places. Here is one of the oldest cathedrals in England, called the baby cathedral. The interior is wonderful with its beautiful choir carvings and stalls of unique designs. Also many flags which have been deposited there for safe keeping, some quite recently from the late war. Well we must get a Chester cat, as this is the place where originated the saying, "grinning like a Chester cat." As we could not very well take a live one with us, we bought a silver one. Well we must hurry on to Warwick, not having time to visit the celebrated Rows, the shopping district. On reaching Warwick, grand old Warwick, the home of the King makers, as old Guy, of Warwick, was called, we were put up at the Woolpack hotel, and found, owing to our being a day late in landing, that an American party were about to sail, so some of us were put in the annex, having our meals in the hotel. We liked this old fashioned hotel, having been there before. It was where the old time post boy and coaches were put up. It is a very interesting old town, with its old church, the burial place of Lord Leicester, and many other notables, and its fine hospitable, but the chief interest is the castle. This wonderful historic castle, with the peacocks on the lawn, and its priceless treasures within. As we enter the castle the guide shows us the private chapel, with its priceless picture, the Annunciation by Guido Reni, by Raphael; then on to the other rooms hung with tapestries and exquisite brocades, and the rare old furniture, the finest in the world; one of the finest inlaid tables we have ever seen, valued at half a million dollars. The art treasures in this castle are worth millions of dollars, but the Earl and Countess have to rent it to a rich American, named Martin, as they have been so extravagant they cannot keep it up, and are not allowed to sell the art treasures. Appearances are sometimes deceptive regarding riches. We must visit the garden on the lawn were some pretty peacocks, with tail outspread, make a lovely touch of color. The well-clipped hedges, cut in the form of birds and peacocks, were novel and interesting. In the glass conservatory we see the rare old vase, which is of white marble, and is about two thousand years old, and was brought from Hadrian's Villa, Italy. The work on it is very beautiful. It will hold 135 gallons. The castle is over a thousand years old, and has been the making of a great deal of English history.

Our next place to visit is Stratford-on-Avon, Shakespeare's home, where we spent a very happy week in 1914. Here in this fine old Holy Trinity Church is where the great Shakespeare was buried with his wife, Ann Hathaway, and favorite daughter, Susanne; Dr. Hall, and Thomas Nash. The interior of the church is full of interest, as here you will see the chained bible, as in olden times. Also the beautiful stained glass windows portraying "the seven ages of man," the babe, the smiling school boy, the youth, the lover, the soldier, the judge, and seventh age sans eyes, sans teeth, sans everything. Shakespeare's home is of great interest, with its small rooms with old fashioned furniture, and many personal things of Shakespeare. Stratford-on-Avon does not believe in modern archetecture and adheres strictly to the old styles. We pass Harvard House, where the great Harvard, who first started the well known American Harvard University, lived, and quite close Marie Corelli, the well-known novelist, lives in a large plain house with a beautiful garden in which she works a great deal.

A visit out through the pretty countryside to Ann Hathaway's cottage completed the visit. On our way back to Warwick we visited the fine old castle of Kenilworth's castle, which Scott has immortalized. Here we see the place where Queen Elizabeth spent many days visiting her so-called lover, Earl Leicester, about whom Sir Walter Scott has woven such a thrilling romance in "Kenilworth" and made Amy Robsart, his unknown wife, the heroine. It stands on a high elevation overlooking a fine countryside, and in its early grandeur must have cost millions of dollars to build, but alas, now a heap of ruins. Back to old Warwick with an evening spent in charming Lemington with its wonderful park, in which we saw the greatest variety of rare and beautiful flowers we have seen anywhere. This is a suburb of Warwick, about five miles away. A ride out on top the bus was a delight. The evenings in England were lovely, and so many people were out enjoying the pleasant summer night. The ivy clad homes, with their roses trained in a variety of ways, and other flowers, make their homes so picturesque. We did not see any suffering in England, only everything more expensive. We left Warwick at two in the afternoon and reached London about five o'clock. We were put up at the Great Western hotel, a huge affair, with servants at every turn, and every luxury. We visited the picture galleries where are the nation's priceless treasures, in old masters, with some wonderful old colorings, and after five and six hundred years have elapsed. We visited Westminister Abbey, England's Pantheon, where her nobles and best are buried. Queen Elizabeth, in her magnificent monument, and her rival, Mary Queen of Scots, lie at peace not far from each other. Statesmen and poets are all here. The grand old Abbey is full of beauty and interest, and none more effecting than we find near the entrance, the enclosure where the unknown soldier is buried. The spot was covered with beautiful wreaths and some flags, the Union Jack among others. We all stood in silent sympathy at the nation's memorial to a brave soldier. In White Hall street, by Downing street, stands a monument to the war heroes, and at its base are dozens of fresh wreaths, and many people are there looking at these pathetic tokens of love. I watched one man going around making a prayer and crossing himself whenever he came to a name he knew. Another monument to Edith Cavell shows how England appreciates the martyred and many place of very great interest to us was the British mesuem, where you will see the Magna Charter, designed by King John, giving to England her liberties. It was signed by King John at Runneymede in 1215, and is the keystone of British liberties. A guide was explaining it to some English school boys one afternoon when I was in. The illuminated books are a revelation in book art. We lingered over these cases a long time. The Egyptian room was to us of great interest, having seen in Athens many of the places from which these treasures were taken, especially the Elgin marbles. The mummies, in their highly decorated sarcophagus, made us realize that Egypt knew more about decorative art than we western people have ever dreamed of. The National Art Gallery we visited and many were the famous pictures we saw. Here old masters, and more modern artists, Turner, with his shadowy paintings; and Whistler, with his lovely picture of his mother, which we see often in print. The Tate gallery, with its beautiful pictures and exquisite china, are things to be remembered. A visit to the old Tower of London with its historic surroundings, made one think they were living in the middle ages. Its great quantity of armor, its heroes and its heroines, its glove and fought for their lady love. The crown jewels are kept in a glass inclosure protected by an iron railing, and guarded by men in uniform. Also the spot where Henry the Eighth cut off the heads of his wives when he had grown tired of them. One afternoon we motored out to Windsor Castle, the home of the House of Windsor, as the King is now called no more German names. The hour for closing was past when we reached Windsor, as it is twenty miles from London. Our guide told the man in charge we were Canadians and with the aid of a good sized tip we were taken through the historic castle. As it was our third visit it seemed quite familiar. The tapestries on the walls, and the priceless pictures on the walls, by Raphael, Reubens, Rembrant, Van Dyke, and many other noted artists, are very fine. It took quite a time to see the dining room and guest bedrooms where many Kings and Queens have dined and slept, also our own noble King and Queen. It is a grand old castle with its beautiful gardens and long avenues of trees. From the terrace you can plainly see Eaton College, England's training school for future statesmen.

We left England at seven o'clock for Holland. Reached Harwich about ten and crossed to the Hook. It was very calm and we slept well in our comfortable staterooms, and reached Hollond about six o'clock in the morning. A two hours' train ride brought us to the Hague, one of the cleanest cities I have ever been in. It had the cleanest, finest street cars I have ever seen. We all enjoyed our late breakfast and thought we had never eaten such good food as we had at this splendid hotel. And our fine large rooms, with their double beds and fine furnishings of everything up-to-date, made us want to linger. We were rather shocked to find on the toilet doors "damens and herrins," but we grew accustomed to foreign languages, and we found out they were not swearing.

We visited the Peace Palace, a noble palace of white marble with very chaste decorations. One room was fitted up by the Japanese, and others by different nations, which made it very interesting showing the different tastes in decoration. One afternoon we spent at Holland's fashionable watering place, Scavening, rather difficult to pronounce. There were many people there and the sandy beach extended for miles. It was a gay and pretty scene. The Queen's palace was plain without, but beautiful within. Pictures, tapestries and fine china, with a lovely rose garden at the back. The museums and art galleries are visited, and here I may say you will find the Dutch art different from other nations, if I may express it so. More domestic and national. Rembrant chose interior scenes and depicted their national life in his famous pictures. For instance, the "Night Watch," the "School of Anatomy," the famous men in their wide cuffs, and farm life in "Paul Potters Bull, and many other home scenes. As this was the home of my early ancestors I feel a living interest in it. The country was so beautifully green, and after England, with its eight weeks days of continual drought, was a pleasant change. As Holland is lower than the North Sea they have a system of dykes to keep out, and let in, the water, and have a plan by which they water the land, and almost every field has water pipes through it. As we ride through this prosperous country (to-day) with its splendid farms and fine herds of Holstein cattle, we do not wonder at their pride in the country, or at the woman guide, who, on taking us through the mesueum, told us with much pride how the Hollanders in 1625, under Admiral Van Tromp, swept the English from the sea.

Our next port of call was Amsterdam where we visit the old cathedral and drive through the shipping district, a perfect sea of boats with their tall masts, making it almost a forest. Amsterdam is the home of the diamond cutting business. The finest stones are brought here, cut and polished, and made into things of beauty.

Our next stop is Antwerp, which we heard so much of in the late war. We saw where the outer forts had been destroyed, and other evidences of occupation by the enemy. The old Antwerp cathedral, where Reuben's masterpiece, "The Descent from the Cross," is one of their greatest treasures. Also the "Head of Christ," a small picture, but rich in coloring. A visit to the Plantin Printing Press, established in 1555, one of the oldest and largest in the world. Here we see the old style hand presses, and many things of interest. The court, with the ivy covering the old building. From here we go to Brussels, called the little Paris, but still a large city, and very beautiful. The Germans made it their headquarters, and the whole city was mine. Their magnificent new court hall was used as headquarters for the officers and they drove their autos right over the beautiful mosaic floors and mutilated it as much as they could. The Hall de Justice, with its beautiful carved exterior, and its finely carved and decorated interior. Also the Palace of the King, Albert the Good, whom all the world honors.

Here you will find the lovely Brussells lace, which they are so anxious to sell you, and a great many dollars was left in Brussells for this fine lace by the party. On one of our drives we passed a fine church where a fashionable wedding was going on, and as all women love a wedding, we wanted to see it. The wedding was going on when we entered. The chapel was very gorgeous as all Catholic churches are abroad. As they came down the aisle we were quite close to them, the fine looking groom and and the pretty dainty bride, followed by a number of very elegantly dressed guests, made a picture to be remembered. On our ride through the city we passed the bridal party and we waved our good wishes to them. They smiled back seemingly pleased.

I must linger long enough to tell of the Fair which was being held next our hotel, and how some of our party got more benefit than others. As their rooms were located just opposite, the gaily lighted and decorated wheels were most beautiful and attracted many people.

On the Rhine we went to the War Area, which was of great interest. We spent the first night at Lille, which is very prosperous city, and was a large manufacturing town called the Manchester of France, and was four years in the hands of the enemy. We take the Menin Road and beside the road we saw many tanks which were almost submerged in the Flanders mud, recalling the wonderful exploits of the British Tank Corps. Lille is called the monument of the British regular army, which died in its tracks to stop the rush of the first German hordes.

Epyres, one of the martyr cities, is a complete mass of ruins, the magnificent 13 century cloth hall and grand old cathedral are ruined beyond repair, and are to be left as an example of German vandelism. The Yser canal runs through the town. We had a very good luncheon served here and wandered about the ruined city for some hours. It witnessed the first introduction of gas by the enemy against the Canadians, April, 1915. Its little low corrugated iron station and other little temporary houses are all there is left of this once flourishing city.

Poperinghe is one of the best known roads to the British soldier in all France. Mount Kemmel, Messines, Ploegsteet, Armentiers are all familiar names to us, and when passing through these ruined places it must be a dream that I was really there where our brave boys fought so valiantly. We stayed all night at Arras in a very comfortable hotel, although our guide told us we should have a rotten time in the war area. So it was much better than we expected. Arras is another shattered town. It is in the heart of the coal area, and before the war was a city of a hundred thousand, and now not ten thousand; its finest buildings smashed to pieces.

Next is Vimy Ridge, from which place our Governor General takes his title. It was a great strategical point. It was in the early morning of April the 9th, 1917, in the face of three thousand enemy guns the Prussian Guards, the Canadians in a shower of sleet drove back the Germans, thereby breaking the enemy's grip on Arras. Here on top the ridge is the famous German dug out, an old stone quarry all that they seized with electric lights, wireless and other comforts for 4,000 soldiers.

(Continued on page 7)

A Paper given by Mrs. M. C. Bogart before the I.O.D.E. on Armistice Day.

ANNIVERSARY SALE

The wholesale price of many lines of Staple Dry Goods has advanced from 20 to 35 per cent. Our goods are marked at Old Low Figures. See here a few of our Bargains :

Ladies' All Wool Sweater Coats and Pullovers, no sleeves, reg. $4.50, at $1.00.
Ladies' Sweater Coats and Pullovers, long sleeves, price, $1.50 and up.
Ladies' Corsets from 90c up.
Ladies' Tricolette, Georgette and Crepe-de-Chene Blouses, reg. $4.50, at $2.98.
Ladies' Flannelette Nightgowns reg. $1.25, at 75c ; reg. $1.75, at $1.00.
Boys' Winter Overcoats, $4.50 up.
Boys' Sweater Coats and Pullovers, 75c. up.
Children's Wool Scarfs and Toques Sets, reg. $2.25, at $1.50 ; reg. $3.00, at $1.75 set.
Children's Wool Teddy Bear Suits, $2.98 up.
Ladies' Silk Camisoles, 75c. up.
Men's Suits at $10.00 and up.
Men's Winter Overcoats, $12.00 up.
Men's Sweaters from $1.25 up.
Men's Wool Underwear, odd sizes, reg. $1.50, at 75c. each garment.
Men's Wool Penman's and Stanfild Underwear, all sizes, reg. $2.00, at $1.25.
Men's Heavy Fleece Lined Underwear at 75c. and 90c. per garment.
Men's Overalls, $1.00 and up.
Men's Fine Shirts, 95c. up.
Men's Silk Ties, 25c. up.
Men's Handkerchiefs, all kinds, Cotton, Silk, and Mercerized, 10c. up.
Cotton Bed Comforters, reg. $4.00, at $2.75 ; reg. $4.50, at $3.00, large size.

We have a large variety of Christmas goods, such as Dolls, Toys, Books, Games, Decorations, Japanese Goods, Glass Sets for Xmas gifts, etc., etc., at very low prices. Call and see our prices and the goods.

J. E. YARED,
Opposite Madole's Hardware Store, Napanee.

The
Frontenac Lumber Co.
HARD AND SOFT WOOD,
LUMBER, SHINGLES, LATH, SASH and DOORS,
BUILDING MATERIAL OF ALL KINDS
CAR LOTS A SPECIALTY
Office: Dundas Street
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Hurry ! Hurry !!
The Time is Short, Do Not Wait

Do not put off your Xmas shopping any longer, avoid the crowds, confusion, all the inconveniences of shopping at the last moment. Come now, while you can shop at your convenience, take your own time, receive good service, and above all have the satisfaction of having larger assoatments to select from. Here you are sure to find s large variety of about everything in Footwear, attractively priced, including a new shipment of Hockey Boots.

Below we Quote a Few Items Suitable for Xmas Gifts :

WOMEN'S SHOES
Fine Kid, reg. $5.75, for **$3.95.**
Fine Calf, reg. $8.50, for **$6.25.**
Cushion Sole, reg. $6.25, for **$4.25.**
Cushion Sole, reg. $5.25, for **$3.98.**
Heavy Boots, reg. $4.50, for **$3.75.**

RUBBERS
Women's, all styles, all sizes, for **98c.**
Men's, reg. $1.39, for **$1.19.**
Boys', for **98c.**
Girls', reg. $1.10, for **85c.**

Lace Curtains, 2½ yards, reg. $2.50—**$1.68.**
Cretonne, 36 inch, reg. 40c.—**28c.**
Flowered Muslin, reg. 35c.—**15c.**
Gingham, 36 inch, reg. 40c.—**26c.**
Flannelette, 27 inch, reg. 25c.—**15c.**
Duck, 27 inch, reg. 35c.—**19c.**
Percale, 36 inch, reg. 33c.—**25c.**
Print, 27 inch, reg. 33c.—**15c.**

MEN'S BOOTS
Fine Calf, Black and Brown, all sizes
Black and Brown, reg. $7.00 for **$5.69.**
Black, reg. $7.50, for **$5.75.**
Brown, reg. $6.50, for **$5.25.**
Black, reg. $5.75, for **$3.98.**

MEN'S RUBBER BOOTS
Pure White (Miner) $6.75, for **$5.75.**
White Sole (Miner) $6.75, for **$5.75.**
All Black (Miner), $6.00, for **$4.75.**

Red Sole (Miner) $5.50, for **$4.25.**
Men's Work Shirts, reg. $1.00, for **70c.**
Men's Fine Shirts, reg. $1.25, for **70c.**
Men's Fine Shirts, reg. $1.75, for **$1.19**
Boys' Fine Shirts, reg. $1.25, for **98c.**
Men's Pyjamas, reg. $3.75, for **$2.78.**
Men's Pyjamas, reg. $3.25, for $2.25...

MEN' HEAVY WORK BOOTS
BROWN and BLACK
Plain toe, reg. $4.75, for **$3.98.**
Toe cap, reg. $4.75, for **$3.98.**

BOYS' WORK BOOTS
Brown and Black, reg. $4.25, for **$2.98.**

Girls' Kid Boots, reg. $3.50, for **$2.75.**
Boys' Boots, reg. $4.25, for **$2.98.**
Boys' Heavy Boots, reg. $2.25, for **$1.69**
Four Buckle Overshoe, reg. $5.50, for **$4.28.**
Two Buckle Overshoe, reg. $3.78, for **$2.78.**

Men's Fleeced Underwear, reg. 90c., for **70c.**
Boys' Fleeced Underwear, reg. 75c. for **50c.**
Girls' Fleeced White Underwear, reg. 75c. for **58c.**
Women's Penman's Underwear, reg. Turkish Towels, striped, reg. $1.00 a $2.00, for **$1.58.**
pair, for **65c.**
Turkish Towels, plain, reg. 75c. for **48c**

We have a good line of Men's and Boys' Suits and Overcoats at REDUCED PRICES. All Goods not itemized in this sale reduced 33 per cent. It pays to drop in and shop at

The Napanee Shoe Store
A. YARED & CO.
Dundas Street, Opposite Wonderland Theatre

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

CAPTURED BY MOORS

ONTARIO MAN HAD A THRILLING EXPERIENCE.

R. J. Young, of London, Fell Into the Hands of African Bandits During the Great War—He Tells Something About the Habits of Those Sworn Enemies of the Spanish Government.

There is at least one Canadian veteran of the Great War who follows with keen interest the reports of the squabble between Spain and Morocco. Thirty-nine days, R. J. Young, of London, Ontario, formerly of the mechanical transport section of the British army, was held captive in a kraal on a mountain top by coffee-colored bandits, whose audacious and warlike fellows are now seeking to humiliate still further the ancient grandeur and glory that once was Spain's. In Mr. Young's opinion, Spain will have an extended holiday in subjugating her Moroccan insurrectionists.

On Nov. 15, 1915, Mr. Young boarded at Avonmouth a transport which sailed under sealed orders, which happened to supply a destination in Salonica. After passing through the Straits of Gibraltar, the transport was sighted by a German submarine which kept a long distance shell-fire for three hours. Although sixty soldiers and sailors were killed or wounded by the shell-fire, the transport kept going, and the U-boat fired a torpedo. Life-boats were lowered and most of those on board had left the transport before it sank.

Mr. Young was in the last boat which got away and the occupants of this boat, seven soldiers and three sailors, lost sight of the other life-boats. He was the only occupant of the boat who was not wounded. For three days and three nights, without food, and with only a small cask of water to drink, the refugees floated without sight of land. On the fourth morning they drifted in to a rocky coast, with no human being in sight on shore, and nothing but high cliffs and cactus plants to be seen.

Immediately upon kindling a fire, however, the party of survivors was surrounded by Moors. One refugee could talk French and was able to communicate with the bandit chief, who had served in the French Foreign Legion. The British were told that they would be held for ransom. The gang were accustomed to lay in watchful waiting for shipwrecked mariners and travelers worth holding for ransom. Britishers and Americans are usually treated fairly well by the Moorish bandits who know that their ransom will be paid, but Spanish prisoners are usually quickly despatched, as their ransoms are seldom paid.

The bandits sent word to the British consul at Tangier, who informed the Spanish Government that the captives were in Spanish territory and hence the Spanish Government should pay their ransom. Finally, the prisoners were told to prepare for travelling and after three days and two nights, they came to a bay where a Spanish warship lay waiting. Taken to Melilla, a Spanish settlement, they were held another two months before being transferred to Malaga in southern Spain where they were interned for two months. From this boat, the Dalia, one day docked at Malaga and loaded lead for the British Government. Mr. Young and a companion, with the connivance of the British sailors, escaped to Hull. They were court-martialed by the British military authorities for escaping from a neutral country while being held as prisoners of war, but later were sent back to war service. Mr. Young to the west front where he remained till the armistice.

For eight years, in fact, since before the Great War broke out, Spain had been carrying on a guerilla warfare with the Moors, whose country she claims. A Spanish official once told Mr. Young that this war was caused partly by the British and partly by the French Governments, in the hope that with the conquest by the Spanish, its rich mineral wealth would be available for development. After a rainstorm, Mr. Young states, the rivers and other streams running down from the mountains are red with iron ore.

The Moors are born warriors, and the men never do any work except fighting. In addition to warring against the Spaniards and holding other foreigners for ransom, the various bandit tribes war with one another. The women work in the fields in the valley marshlands and harvest the crop in six weeks. Ricebread dipped in olive oil is the staple food of the Moorish bandits, and this food they shared freely with their prisoners. Morocco is a valuable and extensive country which the Spanish have held in name for a long time, but have not dared to occupy, except on rocky promontories where they established settlemens they could protect by warships. The Moors have no well-organized central government, each wandering tribe being practically independent, but all are devout Mohammedans, and probably most easily influenced through Mohammedan religious dignitaries.

New Boilers.

Brautating the study of the teakettle by James Watt, which resulted in the invention of the steam engine, two more recently accomplished which is claimed to be remarkable progress in the construction of steam boilers through the use of coffee pecos. Inior says Popular Mechanics. The water, instead of being heated in large quantities, is boiled, a gallon at a time, in a tall receptacle just over the fire pot. The water being only one-quarter inch deep, quickly becomes steam. The excess of water drops back to a lower and similar place. The saving in fuel is said to be considerable.

CENSUS OF SEALS.

These Fur-bearing Creatures Are Protected.

The only herd of wild animals in the world of which a yearly census is taken are the fur seals of the Pribiloff Islands, in the Bering Sea.

Once they numbered between five and six million, but they were slaughtered so ruthlessly for their skins that by 1908 there were less than a hundred thousand on the islands. Now they are protected by international agreement, and the herd is mustered and counted every year just like a flock of sheep.

The seal spends about two-thirds of each year far out at sea, making a circuit of 6,000 miles in the open ocean without touching land. It only comes to the Pribiloff Islands in the summer months to breed and rear its young. As soon as the young are born the mother seal goes out to sea in search of food.

When the sealers were forbidden to land on the islands they took to pelagic sealing—killing the animals in the open sea—and the seal's departure from the islands was their great opportunity. But it meant the loss of both mother and baby, and the wholesale killing of the females in this way brought the herd near to extermination.

After many conferences, the taking of seals was prohibited within a radius of fifty miles of the islands, and the entire ocean closed to sealing from May to September. Then, when seals are mated, and to Russia, and Japan, anxious to fall in with any reasonable suggestion, agreed to give up sealing within the waters of the Pacific traversed by the Pribiloff seals.

America, as owners of the islands, agreed to compensate the sealers for the loss they sustained, and to give this country and Japan a definite interest in her sealing industry when it was revived.

All told, America expended $7,500,000 on her efforts to protect the seal, but it has been money well spent. Lea, year's census revealed the existence of 550,000 seals, and this year's count is expected to show at least 600,000. As the part of this particular seal fetches $150 in the open market, the herd may be said to represent a value of $90,000,000. About 15,000 young male seals are now being taken annually, which means a yearly revenue to the Government of $2,750,000, of which 15 per cent. goes to Great Britain and another 15 per cent. to Japan.

Counting the seals is by no means an easy task. They are very various rookeries, and in the height of the breeding season the big bulls are particularly pugnacious. So the bulls and the females are counted from the cliffs, and the young pups before they are ready to go to sea. Parental watchfulness is not then so strict, both parents spending a great deal of time in the water. Accordingly, they are kept out to sea, while men armed with long poles drive the pups to the smoother beaches, where they are herded into groups like cattle. They are then allowed to disperse, and the drive make off in lines they are counted.

Eskimo Skeletons.

Thirty-three Eskimo skeletons arrived in Halifax from the Far North recently for examination and measurement on behalf of the Canadian Government by Dr. Alex. Hrdlicka, Professor of Anatomy at Dalhousie University. The skeletons have been brought from the land of snows by the Canadian Arctic Exploration party, which has spent five years in Canada's frigid zone studying the customs, language and characteristics of the Eskimo race. They were found in the region north of the Mackenzie river.

Dr. Cameron estimates that upwards of three years will be required to complete the study of the skeletons and make the thousands of measurements necessary. The greater part of the work will be devoted to the skulls and the peculiarities of their formation. When completed the information obtained from the examinations will be included in a book to be published by Dr. Cameron. The book will be a standard work of reference on the physical characteristics of the Eskimo race.

A special study of the teeth of the skeletons will be made by Dr. S. G. Ritchie, of Halifax.

A Memorial at Queen's.

Queen's University has received a grant from the administration of the Khaki University, which was conducted in England during the war. This is to be used to help the returned soldier students. The fund will be called the "The Khaki University Canadian Young Men's Christian Association Memorial Fund," the interest from which will eventually be used for making loans to returned men, who are attending college, and who are in actual need of money to complete their course.

Queen's has instituted what is known as a "Health Insurance Fund," to which each student is required to pay three dollars yearly for medical attention when required. This fund provides for the student who is taken sick, getting free services of the university medical officer and free hospital treatment.

He Was Going Back.

Willie, aged six, was going through an orchard, looking for the easiest tree to climb, when he came face to face with the irate owner, who had with him a ferocious dog.

"Where are you going?" demanded this unwelcome individual.

"Back," said Willie, after one look at the dog.

Montreal's Population.

Population figures issued recently by the census branch give Montreal Island 712,909 for 1921, as compared with 554,761 in 1911, the increase for the decade being 28.51 per cent. The city proper has a population of 607,062, as compared with 489,480 ten years ago, or a percentage increase of 23.92.

About the Muskallunge

There are nine recognized spellings of the name of this well-known fish, but the general designation is just 'lunge. It is especially abundant in the Kakartha Lakes in Victoria and Peterboro' counties and also found in the Great Lakes and the St. Lawrence. The Chautauqua 'lunge of Lake Chautauqua, N.Y., is a different variety. The Great Lakes 'lunge has been known to reach a length of eight feet and to weigh 100 pounds.

It is about the 'lunge of Central Ontario, more particularly of Sturgeon Lake, that I am going to tell, in recent years fish have been extensively caught, and each reaching a length of four to five feet, but as a rule the weight varies from four to twelve pounds, and it is generally said that the best flavored fish are those that weigh about six pounds.

Sturgeon Lake, nine miles north of Lindsay, Ont., and its large bays, one especially at the mouth of the Scugog river, in which the weeds grow very abundantly, although the lake itself is beautifully clean and free from weeds. These weeds make a hiding place for the 'lunge whence they pounce upon the sunfish, bass, suckers, etc., and it is generally along these weed beds that they are caught. There is one small weed bed along the shore of the arm of the lake running to Fenelon Falls, not more than a few square yards in area, around which more than 100 fish were caught last summer, but it is to the great weed fields at the mouth of the river, in Crane Bay and north of McConnell's summer resort, that Joseph Flavelle and Prof. Milner in their fishing launch and white ducks, in which respect they are unique among the fishermen of the lake, may be seen practically every Saturday and Monday traversing these pathways in search of the black bass or 'lunge. The bass are not generally found in the weeds, but on stone or gravel bottoms off shore.

Sometimes the 'lunge are found among the weeds lying on the surface or "rolling" and showing their white bellies, in which case they may be caught, but when they do they put up a great battle, and a friend of mine who has 48 'lunge to his credit during last summer, tells me that it is almost impossible to land them, so vigorously do they fight when hooked on the surface. As a rule when a 10-pound fish is hooked he will jump clear of the water with a great splash, and then swim deep, both parents assisting in a great jumping again when he is brought to the boat. He is a big hard all the time. Strange to say, the very large fish around 20 lbs. do not fight so vigorously, nor do they jump again, which may depends on the way in which they are hooked, and probably just as many fish are lost each summer as are landed.

The baits vary from copper spoons, phantom minnows, pork rind wiglers, to all the various artificial wooden wobblers, such as the tad pollies and rush tangos, but the favorite is a double spoon of copper and brass. The method of fishing is trolling from skiffs, canoes or launches, though there are a few cases on record where the 'lunge has been caught by casting, as is done for bass, for bait. The spoon "par excellence" is one beaten out of the solid gold of a discarded watchcase. There are on Sturgeon Lake at present five launches of the disappearing propellor and a large number of other types, and these are used principally for fishing, as Lindsay there are perhaps a hundred launches, a great many of which are small boats used for fishing trips. Only two lines are allowed by law from each boat.

There must be thousands of 'lunge caught every season, the catches ranging from 50 to 75. Very few of those who fish occasionally during July and August catch less than ten. The fish is white and of very excellent flavor, and the food value of these voracious denizens of our deep inland lakes is thus very considerable. Their dentitles, it is said, are taken illegally every spring in the shallow waters along the shore. These fish have never been successfully propagated by artificial means, although this is done with the Chautauqua muskallunge by the State of New York. It is said that if the fish are fairly teeming in Chautauqua Lake. In the great network of lakes in Haliburton no 'lunge are taken, only black bass and lake speckled trout, and north of Haliburton village trout only.

Along all the chain of the Kawartha Lakes the 'lunge forms a favorite topic for conversation during the summer months. How many were caught, how the big one was brought just to the edge of the boat, how one was caught with two spoons already in its mouth, how two which bit at the same time made a tremendous tangle of the lines, and the big one that straightened out the hooks of every bait it took hold of and then got away, of the best speed, the best time, the best places, and scores of similar topics

There is one sensation that ever recurs, even to the most inveterate fisherman, and that is the startled feeling of surprise on seeing emerge from the placid waters of this beautiful panorama one of the hideous and savage-looking monsters as our Great Lakes Muskallunge:

"Whence and what are you, monster, grim and great?
Sometimes we think you are a 'syndicate.'
A wide ferocious and rapacious jaw,
A vast insatiate and expansive craw,
And like the 'trust' your chiefest aim and wish
Is to combine in one all smaller fish."

FOUGHT WITH OCTOPUS.

During Deed of Canadian Diver Off Honduras.

Capt. Johnson, a Canadian diver, was at work on the wreck of a trading ship which had gone ashore on a coral reef near Ruatan, Honduras. A new hazard had developed, and it was necessary to stop it at once, although the hour was four in the afternoon. Capt. Johnson called his assistants, and they anchored the diver's boat with the apparatus. On his way down Johnson noticed the rare beauty of the sunshine through the coral reef and the lovely color of the coral and the thousands of fish swimming about.

As he was approaching the point where the work was to be done a long, dark arm shot across the face of his helmet. He had been in tropical waters before and knew the sign. It was the octopus—the devilfish—feared by all divers. He gave the danger signal and was pulled up.

At the surface he considered the situation. The ship was leaking badly and could not be safely left thus all night. He called for a heavy harpoon and cut the handle, making a weapon about three feet long. Armed with this, he went down again to fight the octopus and stop the leak.

Slowly he approached the spot where the octopus was hidden under the bilge of the vessel. As he approached the creature moved from the under side of the vessel, gathering itself for the attack.

Johnson got four or five feet between the coral reef on which the vessel had grounded and her side at this point. Johnson settled himself for the battle. It was not slow in coming. The creature extended one of its long arms. Johnson gave a quick thrust with his harpoon, but the devilfish was quicker than he and snatched away the arm.

Again the arm came back, and this time it clutched Johnson on the lip. On the instant it lost its arm, severed by a blow from the harpoon.

Then the fight began in earnest. The devilfish tried to envelop the man in its many tentacles and the diver kept slashing with the harpoon. He inflicted wounds enough to disconcert the creature and prevent it from enwrapping him, but for some time none of the wounds were serious.

At last, just as the creature had come to alarmingly close quarters, he managed to drive the harpoon into the body. When badly injured the cuttlefish discharges a great quantity of dye, which colors the water a jet black. Johnson found himself in a volume of ink. He gave the signal and was pulled up.

It took some time for the dye to clear away so that anything could be seen in the water. Then Johnson went down again. He did not have to renew the battle. The octopus was dead.

Canada's Example.

Leslie's Magazine of Oct. 8 contains a striking article by William S. McNutt on "What Canada is Doing for Her War Veterans." The article describes the soldier land settlement scheme and also outlines briefly the work of soldier re-establishment, including vocational training, pensions, and insurance. Here is what Canada is doing on what Canada has done Leslie's says editorially:

"Canadian Example: To readers who are familiar with Uncle Sam's sins of omission and commission in his treatment of ex-service men, the example which Canada is doing for the survivors of her heroic army, set down by Mr. McNutt in this issue, will prove highly interesting and enlightening.

"The keynote of the Canadian program is self help—the provision of a means whereby the disabled soldier, or his widow, can become as useful and honored a citizen in peace as in war, an asset instead of a liability. It is a program that has already stood the test of time, as compared with our own which, so far as it exists at all, is still in a tentative stage. It is one which starts with greater singleness of purpose and less politics, might have adopted in essentials without equal success.

"Now, when maybe half a million of the men who served us are out of jobs, when thousands of those who were wounded in our behalf are suffering from neglect, it will do us no harm to regard with humble gaze the wiser, more generous, more efficient, course of our neighbor and ally to the north."

Held Great Lakes Against Fenians.

Admiral Sir Algernon de Horsey, Britain's oldest admiral, celebrated his 94th birthday at his home at Cowes, Isle of Wight, recently. "Eat and drink whatever you like; take all the good things of life and enjoy them rationally," is his recipe for long life. Sir Algernon's physical and mental powers are so little impaired that it is difficult to realize that more than 80 years have passed since he first went to sea and that he did 52 years' active service before leaving the navy.

As far back as 1840 he was helping to make lasting history off the coast of Syria. Fifty-six years ago he served during the Jamaica rebellion. A year later found him on naval officer on the Great Lakes of Canada during the Fenian troubles, and in 1877 he took part in the historic duel with the Peruvian ironclad ship Huascar. Subsequently he held various commands, and was knighted in 1903.

Sir Algernon and Lady de Horsey celebrated the 60th anniversary of their wedding in April last.

A Link to Gladstone.

The death occurred in Montreal on Oct. 14, of Major Francis Woodbine Parish, husband of Dorothy Drew, the favorite granddaughter of Gladstone, the statesman. The remains were conveyed to England for interment at Hawarden Castle, the Gladstone home.

Eskimos eat the stomachs of deer, with their contents, to supply the vitamines in their diet.

CENTENNIAL OF M'GILL

MONTREAL UNIVERSITY HAS HAD HONORABLE CAREER.

It Is Named After Patriotic Canadian Citizen Who Gave Endowment In 1811, Which Practically Started Higher Education In Canada—College Had Hard Struggle During First Years of Existence.

"We must not forget that the father, not only of this university, but of university eduction in Canada, was James McGill, a citizen of Montreal. His endowment in 1811 was the first practical step toward the erection of our first Canadian University."

These were the words spoken by Sir William Peterson at the inauguration of Molson Hall, one of the buildings of McGill, to which returned on October 12 many hundreds of its alumni to assist in the observance of the anniversary of this leading university of the Dominion of Canada, to those who, by their advantages and to bestow degrees, says the Boston Transcript. James McGill, who was the first to conceive the idea of such an institution, was a Scottish gentleman of far-sighted vision.

Upon his death it was found that his will contained a generous provision for the university or college "with a competent number of professors for the purposes of education and learning in the province," which should itself, or one of its colleges, "be named and perpetually distinguished by the name of McGill College." The property, which consisted of his dwelling house and buildings known as "Burnside," together with forty acres of land, was left in trust to the Royal Institution for the Advancement of Learning, and it was upon this property that he stipulated the college should be erected within ten years of his death, which was in December, 1813. The corner stone of the Old Central Arta Building, erected in 1843, there is a low monument surmounted by an old-fashioned urn. Beneath this was the remains of the founder, which were transferred from the old Protestant cemetery in Dufferin Square, Dorchester Street, Montreal, in 1878.

The medical school was the first department of McGill. It was organized at a time of social distress and to meet a pressing educational demand by men of high professional status and it was carried on in the face of many and discouraging and great difficulties and at a cost of much personal labor and sacrifice. Up to this time the hospitals and educational facilities were only adapted to the needs of the French population and, with the need of the increasing English immigrant population, there was need for resources to meet their wants. Those who really may be considered the founders of this medical school were Dr. William Caldwell, Dr. William Robertson, Dr. Andrew Holmes and Dr. John Stephenson.

On Oct. 23, 1829, these officers of the Montreal Medical Institution were constituted the medical faculty of McGill. Its working resources were still entirely lacking were these three great undertakings merged, namely, the provision made by James McGill in his will, the activities of the Royal Institution and the labors of the Montreal Medical Institution. During the next twenty-five years practically all of the active work of the university was carried on by the medical faculty. Permission having been obtained from the proper authorities to grant degrees, the first of these honors from McGill was awarded May 24, 1833, in medicine to W. Logie.

The record of the first thirty years of McGill is an unbroken tale of financial embarrassment and administrative difficulties. But after thirty years several gentlemen undertook the responsibility of its re-organization, and in 1852 an amended charter was secured. The Governor-General of Canada for the time being, Sir Edmund Head, became interested in the institution, and in 1855, with the advent of a new principal, an era of progress and prosperity was entered upon. A course in law was begun in connection with the faculty of arts in 1848 and the department was established as a separate faculty in 1853. The faculty of applied science was not established, however, until 1878, but a course in engineering, which was amplified into the department of practical science in 1871, was given under the faculty of arts as far back as 1856. The faculty of agriculture was established in 1907. Within the last twenty years the several buildings that have been opened up have been the Strathcona medical buildings, 1901; the conservatory of music, 1904; the Macdonald College, 1907; new engineering building, 1909; and the new medical building, 1911.

To-day one finds the various buildings rather widely scattered and a casual inspection of the intervening distance between the Royal Victoria Hospital and Victoria Hall over to the gymnasium at the opposite end will give a good idea of the growth of McGill in these hundred years. Among the old medical buildings and the new medical buildings, the arts building, Redpath Museum and Redpath Library, Macdonald engineering building, Macdonald chemistry and mining building, and Macdonald physics building, conservatory of music, Royal Victoria College for women, Wesleyan College, Diocesan College, Strathcona Hall, observatory and other buildings, not to mention Macdonald College, wherein scientific agriculture is taught, twenty miles distant.

Rhodes' Dream for Africa

In the Cape Times, Mr. H. E. V. Pickstone, a well-known South African pioneer, gives some interesting reminiscences about Cecil Rhodes and Dr. Jameson and their plan for a great fruit trading company, which was planned a quarter of a century ago. Mr. Pickstone, it appears, had been employed by a company in which Rhodes had an interest, but feeling himself unfairly treated, he left. He had £100 in his pocket, and Rhodes sent for him and asked him his plans. He said that he intended to go into the nursery business, because "it is no use talking about fruit growing in South Africa until you have the right varieties to plant." He told Rhodes that he had made arrangements whereby he could have the use of a plot of land for nothing. He admitted that a little more capital would be handy, and Rhodes lent him £150, and his secretary another £150. Thus the firm of H. E. V. Pickstone was launched.

Mr. Pickstone bought a farm in the Great Drakenstein Valley and prospered. Later on Rhodes sent for him and asked him what the value of the land in the valley could be bought for. The valley was fifteen miles long and two or three miles across, and there were several good farms there, as well as a couple of hamlets. Pickstone estimated that it would cost a quarter of a million pounds. "All right," said Rhodes, "go ahead and buy it." This was the birth of the celebrated Rhodes Fruit Farms, which have done so much for the fruit industry in South Africa. Shortly before the outbreak of the Boer War, Rhodes visited Rhodes, and there met Rudyard Kipling and Sir James Metcalfe. They sat up most of the night discussing the Rhodes farms and the scheme of building up a tremendous export business.

Mr. Pickstone insists that the fruit of South Africa is the finest anywhere, and the dream of the enthusiasts who discussed the matter that night was that it might be paid him a tremendous compliment by offering to have the farms called in his honor, for he loved nothing more than to have his own name associated with great undertakings. But Pickstone remained unmoved, and then Rhodes once more admitted him to his friendship, and the matter was never again spoken of between them.

Salt Assists Swimmers.

Everyone who has learned to swim in one of Canada's inland lakes, and has then plunged into the ocean, realizes the buoyancy and feeling of freedom in the salt water as compared with fresh water.

But it should be remembered that there are two functions benefited from swimming. The first it to remain afloat and the second is to move forward. It is in the first of these that the salt has the great advantage over fresh water, for the effort of moving forward is the same in each case.

The buoyancy of salt water is due to the fact that three-quarters of our composition is water. The remaining quarter of Canada is made up of emsubstances which are heavier than water, and therefore tend to make us sink.

Owing to the salt in the ocean, fresh water is lighter and our bodies therefore sink more rapidly—a condition which may be carried to such an extreme as to keep us afloat. If in including the Dead Sea and the great Salt Lake of Utah, it is almost impossible to sink, for the greater the amount of salt the heavier the water and the greater resistance to the force exerted by any body pressing down upon it.

Emotional Baggage.

Hotel Manager—"You must please pay in advance, sir. Your luggage is too emotional."

Visitor—"Emotional?"

Hotel Manager—"Yes—it easily moved."

PAINS SO BAD STAYED IN BED

Young Mrs. Beecroft Had Miserable Time Until She Took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Hamilton, Ont.—"I have suffered for three years from female troubles and consequent weakness, pain and irregularity which kept me in bed four or five days each month. I nearly went crazy with pains in my back, and for about a week at a time I could not do my work. I saw Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound advertised in the Hamilton Spectator and I took it. Now I have no pain and am quite regular unless I overwork or stay on my feet from early morning until late at night. I keep house and do all my own work without any trouble. I have recommended the Compound to several friends."—Mrs. EMILY BEECROFT, 269 Victoria Ave. N., Hamilton, Ontario.

For forty years women have been telling how Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has restored their health when suffering with female ills. This accounts for the enormous demand for it from coast to coast. If you are troubled with any ailment peculiar to women why don't you try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound? It is made from native roots and herbs and contains no narcotics or harmful drugs.

For special advice women are asked to write the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass. The result of forty years experience is at your service.

Salt Water Bathing.

Bathing in salt water is said to be beneficial to those suffering from rheumatism, and Dr. Bonnet, of Lyons, has found that the best results are obtained by bathing in water containing 3 per cent. of salt. Water of this strength is found in the Mediterranean, but the Atlantic Ocean contains only 2½ per cent. of salt, and the North Sea only 1½ per cent.

Cause of Rheumatism.

Rheumatism is caused by the presence in the blood of uric acid, which is formed by the decomposition of the nitrogenous matter in the food. Dr. Bonnet, of Lyons, has found that the best results are obtained by bathing in water containing 3 per cent. of salt. Water of this strength is found in the Mediterranean, but the Atlantic Ocean contains only 2½ per cent. of salt, and the North Sea only 1½ per cent.

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Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

Aero Cushion Inner Tire
Puncture Proof, rides easy as air.....
See Them

TIRES at $14.50

D. B. CARBON REMOVER Cleans your engine while running.

FREE LUBRICATION FOR YOUR SPRINGS We furnish the oiled tape.

Keep your Windshield Clean SEE-EZE. Get a sample tube.

Willard Service Station GRAHAM'S GARAGE
Next Gibbard's Retail Furniture Store.

CHRISTMAS GREETING CARDS

Beautiful Designs, Large Variety to Choose From

No waiting for your Job as we have the Cards in stock. Call and look over our designs and leave your order.

Express Printing House
John Street, Napanee

Wilson's Hardware Store

ALUMINUM WARE

Covered Roasting Pans
Tea Kettles, Tea Pots,
Coffee Percolators,
Potato Pots,
Cake Pans, Pie Plates,
Basins.

A Complete Assortment to Choose From

D. B. WILSON

'Phone 138

NEAR POST OFFICE

SEYMOUR BROS.' Boot Repair Shop. Try us for reliable workmanship and right prices. Come and see our special Men's Working and Boys' School Boots.

DOMINION ELECTIONS ACT

ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF LENNOX AND ADDINGTON

To G. F. Ruttan, K.C.,

Returning Officer for the Electoral District of Lennox and Addington :

Take notice that I have appointed, and do hereby appoint Schuyler French, of the Township of Richmond, in the County of Lennox and Addington, Farmer, my Official Agent, under Section 78, of the "Dominion Election Act," and his Post Office address is R.M.D. No. 6, Napanee, Ontario, and all accounts for election expenses must be sent to him for settlement and payment.

Dated at Napanee, Ontario, this 21st day of November, 1921.

EDWARD JAMES SEXSMITH,
Candidate for Lennox and Addington.

XMAS GREETING CARDS

Large variety of Beautiful Designs to choose from.

No waiting for your job, as we have the Cards in stock.

Call and look over our designs, and leave your order.

EXPRESS PRINTING HOUSE, NAPANEE.

MAKER'S CUT PRICE STORE

Satisfaction Guaranteed

Extra Special Announcement

I have placed on sale, at greatly reduced prices, my entire $20,000 stock of DR GOODS, LADIES' AND MEN'S AND CHILDREN'S WEAR to sell at and below cost prices.

A FEW OF OUR MANY STUNNING BARGAINS

LADIES' DEPARTMENT

Ladies' Fleece Lined Underwear, reg. $1.00, for 75c.
Union Underwear, reg. 75c. for 59c.
Ladies' Tricolette Waists, $5.00 for $3.59.
Ladies' Tricolette Waists,—$4.50, for $2.99.
Ladies' Tricolette Waists—$4.00, for $2.50.
Ladies' Sweaters, half price.
Ladies' Night Gowns, from 99c. up.
Ladies' Cotton Hose, 19c.
Ladies' Heavy Hose, $1.00.

CHILDREN'S DEPARTMENT

Children's Underwear—25c up.
Children's Sweaters—less 50 per cent. off.
Children's Scarfs and Toques $1.35 per set.
Children's Toques—from 10c. up.
Boys' Suits—less 50 per cent.
Children's Hose—15c. up.
Ladies' Corsets from 79c. up.
Ladies' Skirts—50 per cent off.

MEN'S DEPARTMENT

Men's Handkerchiefs, 3 for 25c.
Men's Handkerchiefs, 2 for 25c.
Men's Underwear, fleece lined, 75c. and $1.00.
Men's Underwear, wool, 90c up.
Men's Socks, 5 pair for $1.00.
Men's Shirts, fine, 90c. up.
Men's Shirts, every day, 75c up.
Men's Suits, and Pants, less 50 per cent. off.
Men's Caps, less 50 per cent. off
Men's Sweaters, less 50 per cent. off.
Men's Ties, from 15c. up.

DRY GOODS and SMALLWEARS DEPARTMENT

Thread, 200 yards, 5c per spool
Mercerized, 10c. a spool.
Yarns for sweaters, not 7 for $1.00, but 8 big balls for $1.00.
Flannelette, 27 inch, colored, 15c.
Print, light, 15c.
Print, dark, 20c.
Cotton, grey, 10c. and 15c. per yard.
No. 1 Blankets, 12 x 4, $2.75.
No. 1 Blankets, 11 x 4, $2.25.
No. 1 Blankets, 10 x 4, $1.75.

M. MAKER, - Proprietor.

Aladdin Lamps !

Two styles, Stand or Hanging. Price reduced. Headquarters at Wallace's Drug Store. For sale by

FRED RUSSELL,
Selby.

Mr. Sexsmith's Majority Increased

In the election returns as received on the night of election from Camden East, the vote as given was, Carscallen 170, Sexsmith, 61. The vote should have been Carscallen 107, Sexsmith 61. This error makes Mr. Sexsmith's majority 130.

Military Ball.

"B" Company Frontenac Regiment and Canadian Signal Corp are holding their annual "At Home" on Monday, January 2nd, 1922. Invitations will be sent out. Will patrons having Xmas and New Year's guests kindly forward their names to Capt. F. J. Bradley, Box 549.

Pearl Necklaces.

Most appreciated and popular gift for a lady this Xmas. We have the genuine indestructible pearls, La Tansca, Richelieu, Ideal, La Orient, and almost every other brand. Prices from $5.00 to $50.00. Oh, see the assortment all in fancy boxes—we cannot describe their beauty.

SMITH'S JEWELLERY STORE.

Tanlac is the ideal strengthener and body builder for old folks because it creates a healthy appetite for wholesome food and strengthens and invigorates the digestive organs. Tanlac is sold in Napanee at Wallace's Drug Store, Limited, and by leading druggists everywhere.

THE GREAT POULTRY DAY

Is over so far as outside buyers are concerned, but The M. B. MILLS CO. will hold their own annual Poultry Day on the 14th day of December next, when they will offer liberal prices, according to size and quality, for Turkeys, Geese, Ducks, and Chicks. All must be fasted, bled in the mouth, dry picked, all feathers on. Will buy all your hens and poultry alive or dressed any time. We guarantee correct weight always, and a satisfactory deal. Heads off dressed Geese and Ducks. Get the habit of trying our firm before selling elsewhere. Also when you want the best in poultry for the table, we aim to supply you. All stuff drawn or cut up on order.

THE M. B. MILLS CO.
Headquarters for Poultry.
Shop south down to end of street from Post Office and Market.
4-b 'Phone 103.

Furnace Wood

We have a limited supply of dry hardwood blocks, just right for the furnace, which we can supply while the wood lasts at $5.00 per wagon load. This wood is all under cover, and consists of hard maple, birch, beech and iron wood.

We also have a supply of Purity Flour, Bran, Shorts, Middlings, No. 1 Baled Hay, and many other farmers' supplies.

Chimney Brick for Sale.

The Chas. Stevens Company
LIMITED.
Office and Store opposite the Campbell House, Napanee, Ont.

Felt top Card Tables, $5.00—an ideal Xmas gift—GIBBARD'S.

GRACE METH. CHURCH

A. J. TERRILL, B.A., B.D., Pastor.

Sunday, 10.30—Morning Worship.
Subject, "He Repudiated His Past."
Sunday, 11.45—Sunday School and adult classes.
Sunday, 7.00 p. m.—Evening Worship.
Subject, "The Joy of Confession."
Monday, 8.00—League meeting
Wednesday, 7.30—Prayer and praise service.
Remember the Sunday School entertainment and cantata on 26th.

TRINITY

SPECIAL PRICE.

Toronto Daily Globe for three months, during election campaign, $1.25 Subscribe at THIS OFFICE.

Special Price, $1.25 per Box.

For Soverign and Regal Shells (12 guage). All sizes shot. Special sale from Saturday, Oct. 15th to Oct. 22nd. DAVY & ALLISON.

SUNDAY SCHOOL

Notice !

A. L. MacDONALD, formerly of Toronto, wishes to announce that he has purchased the Plaza Barber and Tobacco Shop and solicits your patronage. Hot and cold baths.

Strand Theatre, 1 Night Only !

Thursday, December 15th, John Scott, Canada's Leading Black Face Comedian, presenting the latest and biggest hits of the season. No advance in prices—15c. to all...A REAL TREAT.

CHRISTMAS

S. A. Hall, December 27th.

The annual entertainment and Christmas tree will be held in the Salvation Army Hall, Tuesday evening, December 27th, at 8 p.m. A splendid selection of Recitations, dialogues, and songs including a may pole drill, has been arranged; also a visit from Santa Claus. Be sure and come.

The Diamond Ring or Necklace for a Christmas Gift.

We have rings priced from $25, $50, $75, $100, all the way to three and four hundred dollars, mounted in hand-made setting of both white and yellow gold, also platinum. Diamond Necklaces priced to suit the purchaser. Call and see our Xmas line.

SMITH'S JEWELLERY STORE.

ENTERTAINMENT

The Christmas issue of Rod and Gun in Canada is particularly attractive and is replete with many stories which will appeal to the heart of the true sportsman. Allen H. Kerr's "Trout Hunting on the Kenogami and Keniog a-mesis" as the opening article will prove a realistic tale, while the ever popular F. V. William's and Bonnycastle Dale's narratives are of the usual high standard. The article by A. F. Wallace entitled "Clam and Pearl Fish" will undoubtedly be of vivid interest as well as instructive. Guns & Ammunition, Along the Trap-line, and Fishing Notes, contain several articles valuable to the varous readers. ROD AND GUN IN CANADA is published monthly by W. J. Taylor, Limited, Woodstock, Ont.

THURSDAY, DEC. 22

Liberals to Protest Election of Hon. Dr. A. E. Ross.

The election of Hon. Dr. A. E. Ross, Kingston, is to be protested. This was the decision of the Liberal executive committee at a meeting held on Thursday afternoon last when evidence, that had been steadily accumulating, revealed shocking practices carried on by supporters of Dr. Ross. Further investigations are being carried out. There will be a mass of evidence, including the payment of money for votes, intimidation and having whiskey at the polls. The first indication that something was wrong was the publication on the Standard's bulletin at 4 p.m., on Tuesday of the results of the voting at the Mowat hospital. Nobody could account for such a bulletin and some thought it merely a trick to influence the soldier vote. Investigation showed that the poll had been closed, the ballot box opened by the deputy returning officer, the ballots counted, and the result announced more than two hours before the time prescribed in the act.

FURTHER PARTICULARS

The Humble Home "In the Rear"

A man, gaunt, hollow-eyed, lay on the bed in a little shack "in the rear." The closed window was a silent reproach to an unwholesome garbage heap within twenty feet of the front door. There, the man, his wife and two children existed, miserably.

How could a victim of tuberculosis possibly recover under such conditions?

Ah! the pitiful lack of money to provide for his needs! The dumb agony in his wife's eyes!

The National Sanitarium came to the rescue. He was sent to the Muskoka Hospital for Consumptives, and the family provided for in healthy surroundings.

That was a year ago. It has taken time, but pure air, perfect rest, proper—and sufficient—food, have done their work.

It is expected that a few months will complete his recovery, and fit him for light work.

Contributions may be sent to Hon. W. A. Charlton 229 College Street, Toronto.

NEXT WEEK

DO YOU KNOW

that because of the Deltor, enclosed with Butterick Patterns, and with Butterick Patterns only, you buy ¼ to 1 ¾ yard less, a saving of 50c. to $10 on material for every frock ?

DO YOU KNOW

that the Deltor guides you in putting your garment together so that you attain the elusive fit, drape and finish of an expert ?

BEFORE you plan a single new thing—come in and select from the latest Parisian fashions. The Deltor simplifies the making of the most intricate gowns and suggests the correct fabrics.

JAMES WALTERS,
MERCHANT TAILOR.

ST ANDREW'S CHURCH

Rev. A. J. Wilson, B. A., B. D., pastor.

10.30—Morning service.
11.45—Sunday school and bible classes.
7.00—Evening service.
Wednesday, 7.30 — Mid-week meeting for prayer and bible study.

S. MARY MAGDALENE CHURCH
Rev. J. H. H. Coleman, M. A., Vicar.

Services of S. Mary Magdalene Church :
10.30—Holy Communion.
12.00—Sunday School.
7.00—Evening prayer.

Aladdin Lamps,

2 styles, stand and hanging, for sale by FRED RUSSELL, Selby P. O. 1-bp

Electrical Goods !

Electric heaters, electric toasters, electric irons, Mazda electric lamps. All new goods at WILSON'S HARDWARE.

Saws Gumed.

Please take notice that we have installed a first-class machine for gumming saws, and can guarantee a first-class job, and work done promptly.

bbb2-d HARTMAN & CARD.

Notice.

I pay highest prices for Men's Women's and Children's Second-Hand Clothing. Will call at any address. Drop me a card.

A. L. MOWERS,
Napanee,
2-cp Box 559.

If you are feeling all worn out, if you can't eat, sleep or work with any satisfaction, you need Tanlac. Tanlac is sold in Napanee at Wallace's Drug Store, Limited, and by leading druggists everywhere.

Election of Officers.

The officers elect for the ensuing term in the two Oddfellows' Lodges in Napanee are as follows :

Napanee Lodge No. 86
N. G.—Bro. F. B. Mills.
V. G.—Bro. Lorne Reddick.
Rec. Sec.—Bro. Frank Bell.
Fin. Sec.—Bro. E. McLaughlin.
Treas.—Bro. E. J. Pollard.
Trustees—Bro. W. H. Boyle, Bro. H. E. Smith, Bro. R. J. Dickinson.

Argyll Lodge No. 212.
N. G.—Bro. B. Beaubien.
V. G.—Bro. F. Bradley.
Rec. Sec.—Bro. R. C. Root.
Fin. Sec.—Bro. H. M. Scott.
Treas.—Bro. F. S. Scott.
Trustees — Bro. Jas. Roblin, Bro. A. E. Paul, Bro. M. P. Graham.

A nice line of safety razors and shaving goods at DAVY & ALLISON'S.

Few people realize that 26,445 Canadian ex-service men have been established on the land and are nearly all making good ; that Canada's water power development represents an investment of $475,000,000, while the power produced would otherwise require 18,000,000 tons of coal yearly ; or that nearly 88 per cent. of the world's supply of asbestos comes from the Province of Quebec. The Natural Resources Intelligence Branch of the Department of the Interior, has just issued a revised edition of "Compact Facts," which contains in concise form, information regarding Canada ; its area population, trade and industries ; their extent, capital invested, wages paid, values of live stock, principal crops and amounts produced ; mineral resources and present production ; also forest resources and forest products. Copies of the booklet are available on application to the Superintendent, Natural Resources Intelligence Branch, Department of the Interior, Ottawa.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

See ourdisplay of Xmas gifts. Furniture that will give years of service.—GIBBARD'S.

The Family Herald and The Napanee Express from now until 31st Dec., 1922, for only Two Dollars.

If you want plenty of pep, strength and energy, take Tanlac. Tanlac is sold in Napanee at Wallace's Drug Store, Limited, and by leading druggists everywhere.

Snow shoes, skates, and hand sleighs for Xmas gifts at DAVY & ALLISON'S.

TRINITY METH. CHURCH

Pastor—Rev. S. J. Shorey, D. D.

Dr. Shorey will conduct the services at 10.30 a.m. and 7 p.m.
There will be a Song Service in the evening. Some familiar hymns will be thrown upon a screen and sung by all.
The Sunday school and bible class at close of morning service.
Monday, 7.30—Young People's Union.
Wednesday, 7.30 — Mid-week service.

PLEASANT VALLEY
(For last week)

The Misses Richmond visited Sunday at Mr. Geo. Dupree's.
Mr. and Mrs. Henry Rooks, Slash Road, visited Sunday at Mr. I. Taylor's.
Mr. and Mrs. O. Young and son Fred, visited Sunday at his sister's, Mrs. Benn, Forest Mills.
Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Cuthill visited Friday at Mr. Roy Robertson's.
Rev. and Mrs. P. A. Scott called Monday evening at Mr. E. P. Smith's.
Mr. and Mrs. Rupert Taylor spent the week-end at her cousin's, Centreville.
Mr. and Mrs. Frank Vandebogart called Wednesday evening at Mr. Esfie Smith's.
Mr. and Mrs. Will. Birrell, of Bath, motored up and spent Sunday at Mr. Geo. Dupree's.
Mr. and Mrs. Roy Robertson and Bobbie called Sunday evening at Mr. W. R. Pringle's.
Mrs. Jas. Vankoughnett visited over Saturday night at Mr. Frank Vandebogart's. Mr. Vankoughnett spending Sunday there.
Mr. I. B. Sills had the misfortune to fall and hurt himself badly.
Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Brandon, of Morven, spent Thursday at their daughter's, Mrs. Fred Pringle.
Miss Aylsworth spent the week-end at her home near Bath.
Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Pringle visited Thursday at Mr. A. Frisken's, Selby.
Messrs. Fred Armitage and Primmer are opening a lumber business in Napanee ; their office is in Mr. Normile's building.
Mr. and Mrs. I. Sills, and Keith, called Sunday evening at Mr. Fred Pringle's.
Mrs. Jas. Vankoughnett and Mrs. Frank Vandebogart spent Wednesday at Mrs. Chas. Vanalstine's.
Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Pringle, and Eileen, called one evening recently at Mr. Fred Pringle's.
Messrs. Ross and Carmen Sexsmith took tea at Mr. Rupert Taylor's Monday.
Messrs. Levi Huffman and A. Uens took tea Tuesday at Mr. E. P. Smith's.
Dr. Mundle, Kingston called to see Mr. Lorne French one day recently.
Hurrah for the Progressives and Mr. Sexsmith.

Pyrex, glass, ovenawares, a nice assortment, of different articles. DAVY & ALLISON.

Hospital for Sick Children

COLLEGE ST., TORONTO.

Through Support of Public, Ontario Maintains Greatest Children's Hospital on This Continent.

Dear Mr. Editor:—

Nowadays people look ahead more than they used to. They realize, for instance, that the child of to-day is the citizen of the future. The privilege of this Hospital is to provide a service whereby any Ontario child, who is weakly, may be made strong, or if he is crippled, may be set straight.

Part of this service consists of medical and surgical care of the children. Part is in the schooling of doctors and nurses to carry the light of medical science into the uttermost corners of the province.

The whole is a contribution to CHILD WELFARE work which must command the Hospital to the sympathy and support of your readers.

You probably saw a Quebec despatch deploring the great infant mortality in that province. One great factor which gives the Ontario born child so much better a chance in life is the maintenance of public philanthropy of the leading Hospital for children on this continent. And that child, whether it be palid of cheek or crooked of limbs, is helped over the rough spots of infancy and adolescence by the same Hospital. Here are the average day's figures of 1921 attendance:—

Out patients 265
Other patients 161
Total 426

During the year the Hospital actually saves the lives of scores upon scores of children. It rescues health or straightens limbs for hundreds more. Every contributor to the Hospital funds is a shareholder in the enterprise which wins back health and happiness for thousands of children, and thereby gives joy to thousands of anxious homes.

Remember, however, that every child to whom the Hospital's doors are opened—and all are welcomed—adds something to the financial burden which the GREAT MOTHER CHARITY has to carry. But it has never defaulted on its dividends, which are paid not in money, but in service.

The continued service of the Hospital depends on the continued support of the public. A minute of mercy costs fifty cents, and the clock in the treasurer's office is six months slow. So there are a lot of minutes to catch up.

The Hospital is accomplishing fifty per cent. more work than before the war. Owing to higher prices it requires almost twice the money. May I place that simple but serious fact before your readers in connection with the 4th Christmas appeal of the Hospital for Sick Children for funds to carry on another year of service?

Faithfully yours,

IRVING E. ROBERTSON,
Chairman of Appeal Committee.

Masters & Tierney

Undertakers

'Phones :
Office 30. Residence 145.

Motor and Horse Equipment

Wallpaper

New season's designs now in stock.

Come and select your requirements while we have a full stock.

All our new papers are 22 inches in width, which makes less matching and fewer joins.

WINDOW SHADES.
POLES, TRIMMINGS.

CORNER CENTRE AND MILL STREETS

WONDERLAND

For entertainment of the better sort.

WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY

Wm. Fox presents Buck Jones in "THE BIG PUNCH," a 5-reel western and love drama.

Also next episode of our new serial, "THE SKYRANGER."

Also a 2-reel Jimmy Aubrey Comedy, "A Mysterious Stranger."

FRIDAY and SATURDAY

Special Selected Feature, in 5 parts.

Also next episode of "THE DIAMOND QUEEN."

And a 2-reel Ben Turpin Comedy.

MONDAY and TUESDAY
Big Double Show

Norma Talmadge in one of her best pictures, "THE BRANDED WOMAN."

Also Conway Tearle in "BUCKING THE TIGER."

And a 2-reel Comedy.

8-tf

REGULAR ADMISSION

EMPIRE CAFE

John St., Napanee

Breakfast, 6.30.
Dinner, 11.30 to 2.30.
Supper, 5.30 to 7.30.

Lunches at all hours.

Special Price for Meals 45 Cents.

Meals by the week, $6.00.

FIRST-CLASS COOKING
GOOD SERVICE

We sell Combination Meal Tickets $5.50 worth for $5.00.

GEO. TUSTIN, Prop.

BROWN'S BARBER SHOP

Formerly J. N. Osborne's

First - Class Service
18 Years Experience

Cigars and Tobacco.

FORD BATTERY SERVICE

We specialize in Battery work of all descriptions, and have the most up-to-date charging and repairing equipment. Bring your Batteries to us for winter storage. We will keep them and turn them back to you in the Spring fully charged and ready for another year's service. We are distributors of the famous Exide Battery, the most reliable and best battery on the market.

PAUL & SMITH
FORD DEALERS

LUMBER SPECIAL

IF YOU WISH TO BUILD A

NEW HOME or FARM BUILDINGS

You Should Consult Us.

During the next few weeks prices for Lumber and Labour will be lower than next spring

Plans and Estimates Free

Mixed Car Lots of Building Supplies at Lowest Prices you can obtain.

W. D. MIDMER,

'Phones 14, 123. NAPANEE, ONT.

STRAND - THEATRE

The Home of Perfect Pictures
No Waits. Clean and Comfortable.

WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY, DECEMBER 14th and 15th

"Madge Kennedy" in a super Goldwyn special, "THE GIRL WITH A JAZZ HEART."

Also William Duncan and Edith Johnston in "FIGHTING FATE," episode No. 5.

FRIDAY and SATURDAY, DECEMBER 16th and 17th

Beautiful "Olive Tell," in an other super special, "WINGS OF PRIDE," in 5 gripping reels.

Also a 2-reel CHARLIE CHAPLIN Comedy.

MONDAY and TUESDAY, DECEMBER 19th and 20th

A special famous Lasky Programme.
A Comedy and Screen Magazine.
Black's 5-Piece Orchestra Wednesday Nights.
Prices, 10c. and 15c.

Say BAYER Aspirin

Nothing Else is Aspirin—say "Bayer"

Warning! Unless you see name "Bayer" on tablets, you are not getting Aspirin at all. Why take chances?

Accept only an unbroken "Bayer" package which contains directions worked out by physicians during 21 years and proved safe by millions for Colds, Headache, Toothache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Neuritis, Lumbago, and Pain. Made in Canada.

All druggists sell Bayer Tablets of Aspirin in handy tin boxes of 12 tablets, and in bottles of 24 and 100. Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid. While it is well known that Aspirin means Bayer manufacture, to assist the public against imitations, the Tablets of Bayer Company will be stamped with their general trade mark, the "Bayer Cross."

NEWS TOPICS OF WEEK

Important Events Which Have Occurred During the Week.

The Busy World's Happenings Carefully Compiled and Put Into Handy and Attractive Shape for the Readers of Our Paper — A Solid Hour's Enjoyment.

TUESDAY.

Irish agreement arrived at in London.

Japanese deny ulterior motives at conference.

Germany is to get three years' delay on reparations.

Settlement of Irish issue to be submitted to Parliament.

A Weston boy was pinned under radial car and killed.

Tokio delegates renounce special privileges in Shantung.

St. Lawrence waterway discussed in United States House.

Fifteen people killed in train wrecks near Philadelphia.

Toronto police use stage money to trap alleged blackmailer.

Ald. J. Cameron Wilson, M.D., elected Mayor of London.

Argonaut junior hockey team beat Upper Canada College, 6 to 2.

Duncan Bay, B.C. She was on her way to Ocean Falls, B.C.

Mrs. Mary Ainscow, Toronto, had her left leg so badly mangled when run over by a train at the C. P. R. crossing that the limb had to be amputated below the knee.

The dodge of bringing liquor from Hull to Ottawa in the original package has gone. Attorney-General Raney has sent a squad of detectives to arrest all who attempt to bring liquor into Ontario.

A writ against the executors and beneficiaries of the estate of the late Senator Peter McLaren, Perth millionaire, was issued at Osgoode Hall by the widow of the deceased, Mrs. Sophia McLaren. The plaintiff seeks to set aside a deed under which she elected to take her share of the property under the Devolution of Estate Act, and all her claims for dower in her husband's real estate.

THURSDAY.

John Sword, farmer, drowned at Bracebridge.

Nine men were shot in stockyard riot at Chicago.

Planing mill and lumber yards burn in Toronto.

Premier-elect King dined with the Governor-General.

Lloyd George abandons trip to United States Conference.

Fire destroys airdrome and sheds at Armour Heights, near Toronto.

Gas reforce decides on increase in rates for Ayimer, Otto, and Wheatley.

Woman was fatally shot by her husband at Toronto; stabs himself.

The National Trotting Association has imposed several heavy penalties.

The New York Giants paid a record price for a Western baseball star.

Sir Hugh J. Macdonald sentences a robber to five years and twenty lashes.

The University of Toronto Interfaculty junior assault-at-arms commences.

"Hap" Onslow will manage the Toronto baseball team during the 1922 season.

Thieves take 14 boxes of cheese, looking like liquor cases, from Iversoll warehouse.

The pen with which the Irish treaty was signed has been presented by Lloyd George to Lady Greenwood.

The Japanese Diplomatic Council formally approved the proposed Washington treaty for settlement of Pacific differences.

Sixteen sailors perish in terrific winter storm along the Newfoundland coast. Fear is felt that the list will be largely increased.

FRIDAY.

Division in ranks of the Sinn Fein party.

Discussion in committee on China's rights.

Ulster makes new demands on taxation.

U. S. submarine sinks by steamer; crew rescued.

Two election day baby boys named after Premier-elect.

Government calls for tenders for extension of T. & N. O.

Delegates at Armament Conference await action by Japan.

University of Toronto juniors defeated Aura Lee 6 to 5.

De Valera refuses to recommend the new treaty to the Dail.

Two young men drowned while skating near Tamworth.

Two hunters found dead in woods along G. T. P. in Alberta.

Hamilton City Council authorizes five-cent fare on street cars.

Official count confirms W. J. Bennett in West Calgary by 5 votes.

Sir Sam Hughes left an estate of $800,000, mostly Victory bonds.

G. A. U. V. decides to extend organization for political activities.

Minister of Agriculture says that British elections are not far off.

Mrs. McDoul of Lantenille, near Lindsay, 107 years old, cast a vote on Tuesday.

Frank Barrieau, Toronto, outpointed Eddie Bettle, Hamilton, at Toronto.

Returned men renew protest against bringing body of "unknown soldier" to Ottawa.

The estate of Mrs. Fred Montsambert, Ottawa, is probated. She leaves an estate of $258,486.

A gin-laden auto upsets cycle cop at Sandwich; car is ditched, however, and most of cargo is smashed.

Attorney-General's department is planning to abolish "spotters" in preparing cases under the O. T. A.

Lieut.-Col. F. O. Irregon, Oxford Rifles, has been appointed Collector of Customs for the port of Woodstock.

Joseph Ayotte, Sault Ste. Marie, shot himself in the head and died immediately after. Domestic troubles played on his mind.

Fearing retaliation by the United States, the Jamaican Legislative Council strongly opposed the Government's tariff bill, under which preference would have been given to goods manufactured in Great Britain and particularly in Canada.

SATURDAY.

The football season closed to-day.

The Irish people favor ratification of treaty.

Pacific powers form quadrilateral agreement.

The Premier of Ulster confers with Lloyd George.

Plenary session of Washington Conference opens.

Henry Ford is planning an auto plant in Germany.

Branch rural credit banks to be opened in nine cities.

One hundred and sixty teams will play in the O. H. A.

Toronto police captures a robber after an exciting chase.

Ontario's potato output more than doubled in seven years.

Chinese delegates demand return unconditionally of Shantung.

St. Mary's Bank St. Helen's in an S. P. A. junior game, 3 to 1.

"Bob" Rogers blames "Union" Government for his crash.

Premier Briand will visit Lloyd George at Chequers next week.

Old Boys of Ridley College present address to former principal, Dr. Miller.

Prohibition agents in New York emptied $100,000 worth of wine into gutters.

Movement for Harbor Commission for five border municipalities at Detroit river.

A memorial tablet was unveiled at McMaster to soldiers who fell in the great war.

It is said Hon. Dr. H. S. Beland will be next Canadian High Commissioner in London.

J. G. Ragsdale, Merchants' Bank manager, Eatonia, Sask., dies from accidental wounds.

Two bank officials were held up near Belfast, Ireland, and relieved of more than £1,000.

Lieut.-Col. Rush McIntyre Urquhart, M.C., D.S.O., Victoria, B.C., appointed aide-de-camp to King.

Miss Agnes McPhail, M.P. for Southeast Grey, will sit unbonneted in the House of Commons following the custom of men members.

Sir Arthur Pearson, the blind knight, fell and bumped his head, becoming unconscious, and was drowned while taking his bath.

MONDAY.

Lambton Mills man found dead in new theatre.

Sir James Craig arrives at Belfast from London.

Four-power agreement agreed to at Washington.

Another plenary session may be held to-morrow.

Anglo-Irish treaty sure to be adopted by Dail Eireann.

Powers assent in plenary session to resolutions on China.

University of Toronto seniors captured the R. P. trophy.

Sarnia C. I. won the Interscholastic football championship.

Miss Gladys Robinson, champion skater, will defend her title.

The Toronto police are raiding hotels in search of liquor.

Socialists form body to strive for Canadian Workers' Republic.

Senator T. W. Crothers dies suddenly at his home in Ottawa.

Reorganization of Drury Cabinet is subject of persistent rumors.

Survivors of Lusitania asked to forward data for conference.

St. Aidan's Toron o beat Queen's University Junior in the C.F.U. final.

Wm. Pary of Bishop's Crossing Cove, missing since he went hunting, Dec. 1.

John McClary, pioneer stove manufacturer, dies at London, Ont., aged 92 years.

J. E. Rourke, Ottawa, Comptroller of Currency, dies in his office of depression.

More charges of professionalism in amateur hockey were made in Montreal.

Rev. Dr. Atkinson, ex-M.P.P. for North Norfolk, found dead at his home, Simcoe.

Miss Molly Kingston, practising rifle shooting, is shot dead by Lieut. Abbott, N.B.

Fred Burnham dies after falling 50 feet while at work on chares spire at Cathedral, St. John, N.B.

Lieut.-Col. J. H. Riddell of Westeyville, Ont., is appointed to the cycle section of the Canadian Corps of Signals.

Laurent St. Jean, aged 32, was drowned in Bull while fishing through a hole in the ice.

The official count in the West York does Sir Henry Drayton a majority of 825 over Major Streight.

Motor Thousands of Miles.

WINDSOR, Ont., Dec. 12.—What Royal Canadian Mounted Police believe was an attempt to smuggle six Chinese from Ojibway to Detroit was revealed by the arrest of six in an automobile driven by Frank Lamoreaux, of Monroe, Mich. Sergt. Birtwhistle, in charge of a squad of Mounties, halted the car on the Ojibway water front and after the actions of those in the motor car aroused his suspicions.

Investigation revealed the fact, the police say, that Paquette drove the six Chinese all the way from Vancouver in the motor car. They started on the journey several days ago, believing that the easiest point to smuggle the Chinese across was at this border point.

Catarrhal Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. Catarrhal Deafness results from constitutional disease. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is a constitutional remedy. Catarrh Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed Deafness is the result. Unless the inflammation can be reduced, your hearing may be destroyed forever. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE acts through the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system, thus reducing the inflammation and restoring normal conditions.

Circulars free. All druggists. F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O.

ROYAL YORK CAKES

CHALLETT CLOTH

TRIUMPH FOR BALFOUR

What Four-Power Pact Means to Empire.

Great Britain, United States, France and Japan Agree Upon a Treaty Relating to the Pacific Ocean Which is Expected to Prevent Danger of War In That Part of the World.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 12.—Agreement upon a four-power treaty between the United States, Great Britain, Japan and France relating to the Pacific was formally announced at the fourth plenary session of the conference Saturday. The covenant, when accomplished, will end the existing alliance and take the place of the Anglo-Japanese alliance.

A spokesman for the British delegation declared:

"One point not made clear, but which is of vital interest, is that this treaty includes Japan herself as one of the insular possessions and insular dominions in the Pacific.' It therefore amounts to a guarantee of the security and integrity of Japan."

Upon Senator Lodge was conferred the honor of announcing the terms of the treaty to a great spellbound audience gathered in the Continental Memorial Hall. Having read the preamble and foreclauses of the treaty, he added that American signatory is subject to the making of a convention with Japan concerning Yap, and the mandated islands in the Pacific north of the equator, and also to reservations respecting mandated islands south of the equator. The conclusion of an agreement concerning Yap and mandates was said to be "a matter of hours only."

Then Mr. Viviani, Arthur J. Balfour and Prince Tokugawa announced acceptance of the treaty on behalf of their respective Governments, and a chorus of applause went up from the chief delegates of Italy, Holland, China, Belgium and Portugal. Closing the proceedings at the end of two hours and a quarter of speech-making, Chairman Hughes said:

"I firmly believe that when this agreement takes effect, we shall have gone further in the direction of securing enduring peace than by anything we have yet been done."

In a 30-minute opening speech, Secretary Hughes reported the progress made by the committee on the Far Eastern questions, and obtained the formal assent of the chief delegates to the four Root principles and the resolutions on extra-territoriality, respect for China's rights as a neutral, and the powers undertaking not to infringe the Root principles.

Mr. Hughes also made the highly important announcement that all these resolutions and others that may possibly be in the Far Eastern committee, will be incorporated in an international agreement affecting China.

How complete is the triumph for Arthur Balfour can be shown in a simple way. One month ago there was not a single diplomat, politician or official in Washington who would have had the temerity to predict that, after four weeks of secret diplomatic parleys, America's delegates would rise from his place in the conference hall and announce the readiness of the United States to participate in a four-power treaty for the preservation of the status quo in the Pacific.

So complete was the atmosphere when Mr. Balfour arrived in Washington with the firm intention of casting away the obsolete Anglo-Japanese alliance, of substituting for it a treaty designed to meet present conditions, and future possibilities in the Pacific and of inducing the United States to become a signatory to the treaty.

At the British headquarters it was felt that when the news of the American delegation's acceptance of the treaty has been digested in London, Balfour will be hailed as one of the greatest welders of Empire since the days of Pitt.

He made no effort to conceal his own sense of triumph when he rose to speak after Senator Lodge had read the treaty, and Rene Viviani had given it his blessing. Mr. Balfour defined the dilemma confronting the British Empire. It had on its hands an outworn alliance which had served its purpose wonderfully well, yet Great Britain could not discard it without giving offence to Japan. To retain it, on the other hand, would be to risk stirring up suspicions.

"We have long felt," he said, "that the only way out of this impasse, in the interest of serene peace, was that we should annul this ancient, outworn and unnecessary agreement and replace it by something new, something effective, which should embrace all the powers concerned in the Pacific.

"The solution is one which gives me a satisfaction which I find it difficult, impossible adequately to express in words."

Spirits From Old Cider.

PICKERING, Ont., Dec. 12. — As the result of a raid made Sunday by Inspector Flood, preventive officer of the Federal Inland Revenue Department, at Whitevale, near here, a fair-sized copper still, operated, it is alleged, by N. Randall, was seized by the Government official. Two or three gallons of spirits were found, made from old cider. Mr. Randall was not arrested, but will appear before the magistrate this week on the charge of contravening the regulations of the Federal Department.

PEACE SEEMS CERTAIN

Dail Eireann to Probably Carry Peace Pact.

Premier Lloyd George Will Bring Matter Before House of Commons During Present Week and Ratification Is Considered Quite Safe, Although Some Labor and Others May Want to Modify Clauses.

LONDON, Dec. 12.—In the absence of any new and startling or important developments of the coming week, the press and public are engaged in estimating the chances in the pending struggle for and against the new Irish treaty. Those best informed see no reason to modify their view that the treaty will be accepted by the Irish people, but are inclined to take a less sanguine view of its fate in the Dail Eireann meeting this week.

Present indications favor a majority in the Dail Eireann for the treaty, and probable reference to a plebiscite of the Irish people. In the British Parliament ratification is considered quite safe. It is admitted that Andrew Bonar Law, even if not approving all the clauses of the treaty, had decided to accept it in principle, or at least, not to offer substantial opposition, his view being that Ulster is sufficiently protected by the principle of contracting out.

Premier Lloyd George utilized the week-end at Chequers Court in preparation of his speech for delivery in the House of Commons. He is expected to speak an hour and a half, and to make a powerful plea for the treaty. It is believed that the debate will be concluded more speedily than was at first thought possible, and that the treaty may be ratified and the session closed by the end of the week. The necessary legislation to give effect to the settlement will be introduced at the new session in February.

Sir James Craig, the Ulster Premier, who has been conferring with the Prime Minister in London, returned to Belfast Sunday, but no definite expression of Ulster's attitude is looked for until the fate of the treaty is in the hands of the Dail Eireann is known.

Respecting reports that Ulster is demanding some financial concessions on a line similar to the privileges Southern Ireland will get under the treaty, Sir Robert Stevenson Hall, Chancellor of the Exchequer, in a speech at Newcastle Saturday expressed the conviction that no responsible Ulster statesman would think of asking for lower rate of taxation for Ulster than operated in Newcastle or Glasgow. This seems to cut out any chance of Ulster getting such relief except by coming into the treaty.

The Ulster Premier, on leaving Belfast for London, said about the settlement. "I have arranged with my friends on the other side," he explained, "that we will observe the strictest reserve and in the present critical and anxious time I think that course will best serve the interest of all concerned."

Lord Middleton, leader of the Southern Unionists, in a letter to Premier Lloyd George, thanking him for the privileges obtained in a letter from Arthur Griffith that the Southern Unionists would have a full share of representation in the Irish Cabinet and the Irish Parliament, urges him that in accordance with the Government's pledges and terms of the Irish settlement provisions should be the subject of an agreed settlement before the transfer of powers to the new Government of Ireland, and particularly include the completion of the land purchase, the question of dual taxation, the two countries and provision for compensation for losses during the late unrest in Ireland.

On all sides there is praise of the team work by the Premier, Lord Birkenhead, Austen Chamberlain and Winston Churchill. Whenever failure seemed inevitable one of the three would bring a suggestion opening a new door.

Arthur Griffith and Michael Collins now have received assurances of support from the entire cabinet of the Dail, the total membership of which is 120. It is regarded as fairly certain that 90 will vote with Eamon de Valera for rejection, leaving 29 doubtful.

MAJORITY NOT CLEAR.

New Dominion Premier Will Require More Followers.

OTTAWA, Dec. 12.—With the single exception of the Yukon, election results are now sufficiently complete to show that Mr. Meighen will be returned to the House of Commons with a majority of 17 over all parties. The number of Liberals will be 117, the late figures in Parry Sound showing James Arthur, Conservative, to have 60 more than Dr. Mason, Liberal. This Conservative gain, however, is offset by the defeat of Frank Keefer in Port Arthur. The progressive, Mr. Kennedy, has been elected in that riding by more than 600. Five or six more returns are to be heard from cannot change the result materially.

The Yukon has had one of the closest battles of the whole campaign. Dog sleds are bringing in returns from polling booths at the extreme ends of the riding, and it will be some days before all the polls here are available. With ten polls to hear from George Black, Conservative, has a lead of 21 votes on F. T. Congdon, Liberal.

The standing of the parties is now: Liberals, 117; Conservatives, 50; Progressives, 65; Labor, 2; Yukon incomplete. In Ontario the standing is: Liberals, 21; Progressives, 23; Conservatives, 38.

Skater Drowned.

CHATHAM, N.B., Dec. 12.—John Brophy, aged 21, was drowned Friday in the Miramichi river, opposite the city. He went through the ice while skating.

Premier of Russia Ill.

LONDON, Dec. 12. — Premier Lenin of Russia is sick. Cipher messages received here from Moscow report he has been confined for the last eight days with a stomach malady, and that he is badly run down from the strain of the last four years.

Shipment of Live Foxes.

SALISBURY, N.B., Dec. 12. — A shipment of 100 pairs of live foxes was made from the big ranches at Colpitts, near here, Saturday, for New York State. The animals are all silver blacks and are valued at about $100,000.

HON. T. W. CROTHERS DEAD

Was Minister of Labor In First Borden Government.

OTTAWA, Dec. 12.—Hon. T. W. Crothers, K.C., who was Minister of Labor in Sir Robert Borden's first Cabinet, and who was appointed to the Senate of Canada only two months ago, died suddenly at his residence here on Saturday. Senator Crothers, who was 71 years of age, had been in poor health for more than a year, but until a fortnight ago, was not confined to his house. On Saturday he appeared in better spirits than he had been for some days. During the afternoon, however, he went to his room to rest. He was found later, which his wife went to him to announce the arrival of a visitor, to have passed away, apparently in his sleep.

Senator Crothers was for more than forty years an active member of the Conservative party and an ardent believer in the principles for which that party stands. He was, however, esteemed by political foes, as well as by political allies, for he was blessed with a kindly disposition. He showed himself a public-spirited citizen when he declined to accept the remuneration proffered him under his service in 1906 as chairman of the royal commission which investigated the price of Public and High school text books in Ontario, and led to the reduction of those prices by fifty per cent. His interest in the welfare of organized labor he displayed on a number of occasions when he was the ministerial head of the Department of Labor. In 1912, for example, he championed the cause of the Grand Trunk trainmen who went on strike in 1910, and who were promised, under an agreement approved by the late C. M. Hays, president of the Grand Trunk Railway Company, restoration of their positions and seniority and arrears of pay. Mr. Crothers went so far as to appear before the Railway Committee of the House of Commons and insist that two Grand Trunk bills then before Parliament be not passed until the company pledged itself to carry out the terms of the agreement.

Mr. Crothers' ill-health was, to a considerable extent, responsible for his unremitting attention to his duties as Minister of Labor during the war. During his term of office it had been proud that there were fewer labor disputes in Canada than in any other part of the British Empire. He was appointed Minister of Labor when the Borden Government took office in October, 1911, was retained in that office when the Union Government was formed in October, 1917, and was compelled by ill-health to retire from the Cabinet on November 1, 1918.

FOCH VISITS OTTAWA

Hearty Welcome Accorded Field Marshal at Capital.

OTTAWA, Dec. 12. — Marshal Foch, Commander-in-Chief of the allied armies during the last years of the war, received here Sunday sincere tributes of admiration and affection from the people of the capital. Greeted at the station by His Excellency the Governor-General, by Right Hon. Arthur Meighen, high officers of the army and navy and by thousands of cheering people Marshal Foch, during the three hours of his stay everywhere was cheered to the echo—tributes which he accepted with smiles and salutes and repaid by declaring his own and the French nation's appreciation for the work of the Canadian corps in France and Flanders.

Arriving at nine o'clock Marshal Foch's reception at the station was limited to a few minutes. After the formal greetings he proceeded to inspect a guard of honor from the Governor-General's Foot Guards, after which he was driven to the Basilica, where Low Mass was celebrated. In the Basilica he was received by 100 fourth degree Knights of Columbus and by the La Salle cadets.

When the ceremony at the Basilica, Marshal Foch was greeted by the Canadian Club and the Alliance Francaise in mass meeting in Loew's Theatre; was made an honorary member of the Great-War Veterans' Association and presented with a badge, and received the degree LL.D. from Ottawa University. Before leaving at noon he spent a few quiet moments with their Excellencies Lord and Lady Byng at Rideau Hall.

TRIED TO ROB TRAIN.

Lone Bandit Made Daring Attempt Near Moose Jaw.

MOOSE JAW, Sask., Dec. 12.—An attempt was made by a lone bandit to rob Canadian Pacific train No. 3, a few minutes after it left here Saturday night. Nothing but the revolver of the Dominion Express messenger, D. Gray, was stolen. The bandit disarmed Gray after the train had left and passed Pasque Station, after he found it impossible to get into the safe.

When the train left Moose Jaw Gray was confronted by an armed man, who fired a shot from a revolver and ordered Gray to hold up his hands. The bandit disarmed Gray of the messenger's Colt revolver and took the sawed-off shotgun which he had from the train. It was found about two miles east of Moose Jaw. Gray tried to assure the bandit that there were no valuables in the safe, and received the outside door of the express safe, Gray told the masked man that he didn't know the combination of the inner door, whereupon the robber cut the combination and knob from the inside door with an axe. Being unable to gain access to the safe he jumped from the train. Gray immediately pulled the signal cord and the train stopped. The country south of Pasque has been searched, but nothing has been found of the bandit.

Colors In Kingston Cathedral.

KINGSTON, Ont., Dec. 12.—Sunday morning the colors presented to the 21st Battalion by King George was deposited in St. George's Cathedral. The service was attended by the general officer commanding Military District No. 3 and his staff. The church parades of the permanent units of the garrison, ex-members of the 21st Battalion and the officers and N.C.O."s of the first 21st Battalion, P.W.O.R.

The colors were escorted to the cathedral by an escort of ex-21st men and the usual service of the depositing of a color carried out.

THE MARKETS

TORONTO MARKETS.

Manitoba Wheat (in store Ft. William)
No. 1 northern, $1.23½.
No. 2 northern, $1.19.
No. 3 northern, $1.13.

Manitoba Oats (in store Ft. William)
No. 2 C.W., 53¾c.
No. 3 C.W., 49¾c.
Extra No. 1 feed, 49¾c.

Manitoba Barley (in store Ft. William)
No. 3 C.W., 86c.

Ontario Wheat (F.o.b. Shipping Points, according to Freights)
Nominal.

American Corn (Track, Toronto. Prompt Shipment.)
No. 2 yellow, 86c.

Ontario Oats (According to Freight Outside).
No. 3 white, nominal.

Barley (According to Freights Outside)
No. 3 extra test, 57c to 60c.

Buckwheat (According to Freights Outside)
No. 2, 65c to 70c.
Rye.
No. 2, 85c.

Manitoba Flour.
First patents, $7.50.
Second patents, $7.
Ontario Flour (Prompt Shipment).
Bulk, seaboard, $3.50.

Milfeed (Car Lots delivered, Toronto.)
Bran, $24 to $25.
Shorts, per ton, $25 to $26.

CATTLE MARKETS

TORONTO LIVE STOCK.

TORONTO Dec. 12.—Live stock receipts at the Union Stock Yards for the week ending to-day were: cattle, 4,841; calves, 284; hogs, 2,049; sheep, 2,238.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

CHICAGO, Dec. 12.—Cattle receipts, 2,500. Compared with one week ago Market uneven; best steers, steady to 10c lower; medium grades, generally steady; low grades, weak; canners and cutters, 15c lower; bulls, steady to 10c lower; calves about steady; stockers and feeders strong to 25c higher.

BUFFALO LIVE STOCK.

BUFFALO, Dec. 12.—Cattle receipts, 325; slow and steady; 21 head yearlings sold at $7.75.

Calves, 100; active and steady, $3 to $14.

Hogs, 1,900; active; 10c to 25c higher; heavy, $7.75 to $7.85; yorkers, $8.10 to $8.50; light do. and pigs, $6.40 to $8.75; roughs, $6.25 to $6.50; stags, $4 to $5.

Sheep and lambs, 1,000; active and steady; unchanged.

Bars In Vancouver.

VANCOUVER, B.C., Dec. 12.—To bring the beer question to a showdown, a number of hotels in Vancouver have reopened their bars for the first time since the liquor act was in rushing business. The increase in the number of clubs obtaining charters and holding meetings is the cause of their decision to force matters to an issue. Hotel Proprietors claim that the clubs have little or no investment at stake, while they have thousands of dollars tied up in first-class buildings. Local police authorities met in session here Saturday to discuss the situation, and decided that there was nothing they could do until February 1, when, by virtue of new charter granted the City of Vancouver assumes "control and regulation" of all clubs within the municipality. Some eighteen hotel bars holding licenses are among the clubs, which opened for the sale of beer to members at ten cents a glass. They appear to have a clear field of operation, in the opinion of police officials.

Killed by Bull.

MILTON, Ont., Dec. 12. — William Biggar, aged 60 years, a farmer residing on the sixth line, Trafalgar Township, was killed here on being crushed to death by his thoroughbred, four-year-old Holstein bull. Mr. Biggar went into the animal's stall to feed it and while in the act put his overcoat on before doing so, something he had never done before, and the bull, no doubt, taking him for a stranger and without giving the slightest warning, attacked and pinned its owner against the stall with its head. Mr. Biggar's ribs and shoulder blade were crushed and smashed in a frightful manner.

Improving British Docks.

Everybody will have heard the story of the American who was conducted through the docks of Clyde with the Mississippi, and who was silenced by the observation that while Providence had been responsible for the Mississippi, human engineers had made the Clyde. It is a literal fact that the famous bourne of shipbuilding and sea commerce is largely an artificial waterway. Still, the work of improvement, begun nearly a hundred years ago, is being continued. New docks are about to be constructed which will give six large parallel basins with direct entrance from the river, and provide a large number of miles of quays to the accommodation of the port. The total cost of the new works will be about $10,000,000.

Similar developments are also proceeding at the port of London. A new cargo quay, 1,000 feet long, has just been put into service, and plans for a large basin, capable of taking vessels of 30 feet draught at Tilbury and for big extensions to dock accommodation are being prepared.

World's Deepest Gold Mine.

Australia is said to possess the deepest gold mine in the world. It is situated at Bendigo, Victoria, and is known as the New Chum Railway Mine. The miners who work in it are obliged to travel down a shaft nearly a mile deep to reach the gold.

The heat in the mine is terrific, the temperature of 108 degrees being so weakening that it is necessary to carry the bodies of the miners continually with cold water from above ground.

Away from the spray the men could not stand, and it is as much as they can do to work moderately under the spray. Few will begrudge these men the money they earn.

In These Tough Times.

A big manufacturer discovered that a certain man had been representing himself as an agent for his firm, and had been doing twice as much business as any of the real agents. He informed the police. "I want this man collared as soon as possible," said he. "We'll have him under lock and key in a day or two," answered the detective. "Good heavens, man," shouted the manufacturer, "I don't want to imprison him. I want to engage him."

GREEN FANCY

By GEORGE BARR McCUTCHEON

Author of "GRAUSTARK," "THE HOLLOW OF HER HAND," "THE PRINCE OF GRAUSTARK," ETC.

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"I know. I passed a couple of them last night," said Sprouse calmly. "By the way, don't you think it would be very polite of you to invite the Green Fancy party over here to have an old-fashioned country dinner with you tonight?"

"It would be useless, Mr. Sprouse. They will not come."

"I am perfectly aware of that, but it won't do any harm to ask them, will it?"

Barnes chuckled. "I see. Establishing myself as an innocent bystander, eh?"

"Get O'Dowd on the telephone and ask him if they can come," said Sprouse.

"But there is Jones to consider. The telephone is in his office. What will he think—"

"Jones is all right," said Sprouse briefly. "Come along. You can call up from my room." He grinned slyly. "Such a thing as tapping the wire, you know."

Sprouse had installed a telephone in his room, carrying a wire upstairs from an attachment made in the cellar of the Tavern. He closed the door to his little room on the top floor.

"With the landlord's approval," he explained, pointing to the instrument, "but unknown to the telephone company, you may be sure. Call him up about half past ten. O'Dowd may be up at this unholy hour, but not she. Now I must be off to discuss literature with Mrs. Jim Conley. The hardest part of my job is to keep her from subscribing for a set of Dickens. Conley's house is not far from Green Fancy. Savvy?"

Barnes, left to his own devices, wandered from taproom to porch, from porch to forge, from forge to taproom, his brain far more active than his legs, his heart as heavy as lead and as light as air by turns. More than once he felt like resorting to a well-known expedient to determine whether he was awake or dreaming. Could all this be real?

Ten minutes later he was in Sprouse's room, calling for Green Fancy over an extension wire that had cost the company nothing and yielded nothing in return. After some delay O'Dowd's mellow voice sang out:

"Hello! How are you this morning?"

"Grievously lonesome," replied Barnes, and wound up a doleful account of himself by imploring O'Dowd to save his life by bringing the entire Green Fancy party over to dinner that night.

O'Dowd was heart-broken. Personally he would go to any extreme to save so valuable a life, but as for the rest of the party, they begged him to say they were sorry to hear of the expected death of so promising a chap and that, while they couldn't come to his party they would be delighted to come to his funeral. In short, it would be impossible for them to accept his kind invitation. The Irishman was so gay and good-humored that Barnes took hope.

"By the way, O'Dowd, I'd like to speak with Miss Cameron if she can come to the telephone."

"Don't be surprised if you are cut off suddenly. The coast is clear for the moment, but— Here, Miss Cameron. Careful now."

Her voice, soft and clear and trembling with eagerness, caressed Barnes' ears.

"Mr. O'Dowd will see that no evil befalls me here, but he refuses to help me to get away. I quite understand and appreciate his position. I cannot ask him to go so far as that. Help will have to come from the outside. It will be dangerous—terribly dangerous—"

"You say O'Dowd will not assist you to escape?"

"He urges me to stay here and take my chances. He believes that everything will turn out well for me in the end, but I am frightened. I must get away from this place."

"Then keep your eyes and ears open for the next night or two. Can you tell me where your room is located?"

"It is one flight up; the first if the two windows in my room is the third to the right of the entrance. I am confident that someone is stationed below my windows all night long."

"You still insist that I am not to call on the authorities for help?"

"Yes, yes! That must not even be considered. I have not only myself to consider, Mr. Barnes. I am a very small atom in—"

"All right! We'll get along without them," he said cheerily. "Afterward we will discuss the importance of atoms."

"And your reward as well, Mr. Barnes," she said. Her voice trailed off into an indistinct murmur. He heard the receiver click on the hook, and after calling "hello" twice hung up his own with a sigh. Evidently O'Dowd had warned her of the approach of a less considerate person than himself.

CHAPTER XIII.

The Second Wayfarer Receives Two Visitors at Midnight.

The coroner's inquest over the bodies of Roon and Paul was held that afternoon at St. Elizabeth. Witnesses from Hart's Tavern were among those to testify. The verdict was "Murder at the hands of parties unknown."

Sprouse did not appear at the Tavern until long after nightfall. The secret agent listened somewhat indifferently to the latter's account of his telephonic experiences. At nine o'clock he yawned prodigiously and announced that he was going to bed, greatly to the surprise of Mr. Barnes, who followed him from the taproom and demanded an explanation.

"People usually go to bed at night, don't they?" said Sprouse patiently. "It is expected, I believe."

"But, my dear man, we are to undertake—"

"I have some cause for believing that one of those chaps in there is from Green Fancy. Go to bed at ten o'clock, my friend, and put out your light. I don't insist on your taking off your clothes, however. I will rap on your door at eleven o'clock. By the way, don't forget to stick your revolver in your pocket."

A few minutes before eleven there came a gentle tapping on Barnes' door. He sprang to his feet and opened it, presenting himself before Sprouse fully dressed and, as the secret agent said later on, "fit to kill."

The night was as black as pitch. Barnes, trusting to the little man's eyes and hanging close upon his coattails, followed blindly but gallantly in the tracks of the leader. It seemed to him that they stumbled along parallel to the road for miles before Sprouse came to a halt. "This is the short cut to Green Fancy," he whispered, laying his hand on Barnes' arm. "We save four or five miles, coming this way. Do you know where we are?"

"I haven't the remotest idea."

"About a quarter of a mile below Curtis' house. Are you all right?"

"Fine as a fiddle, except for a barked knee and a skinned elbow, a couple of more or less bruised ribs. I've banged into more trees than—"

"Sh!" After a moment of silence, intensified by the mournful squawk of night birds and the chorus of katydids, Sprouse whispered, "Did you hear that?"

Barnes thrilled. This was real melodrama. "Hear what?" he whispered shilly.

"Listen!" After a second or two: "There!"

"It's a woodpecker hammering on the limb of a—"

"Woodpeckers don't hammer at night, my lad. Don't stir! Keep your ears open."

Sprouse clutched his companion's arm and, dropping to his knees in the thick undergrowth, pulled the other down after him.

Presently heavy footsteps approached. An unseen pedestrian passed within ten yards of them. They scarcely breathed until the sounds passed entirely out of hearing. Sprouse put his lips close to Barnes' ear.

"Telegraph," he whispered. "It's a system they have of reporting to each other. There are two men patrolling the grounds near the house. You see what we're up against, Barnes. Do you still want to go on with it?"

"I'll stay by you," replied Barnes sturdily.

Several minutes went by. There was not a sound save the restless patter of rain in the tree tops. At last the faraway thud of footsteps came to the ears of the tense listener. They drew nearer, louder, and once more seemed to be approaching the very spot where he crouched.

Then came the sound of a dull, heavy blow, a hoarse gasp, a momentary commotion in the shrubbery and—again silence. Barnes' blood ran cold. He waited for the next footfall of the passing man. It never came.

A sharp whisper reached his ears. "Come here—quick!"

He floundered through the brush and almost fell prostrate over the kneeling figure of a man.

"Take care! Lend a hand," whispered Sprouse.

Dropping to his knees, Barnes felt for and touched wet, coarse garments, and gasped:

"My God! Have you killed him?"

"Temporarily," said Sprouse, between his teeth. "Here, unwind the rope I've got around my waist. Take it."

"My God! Have You Killed Him?"

the end—here. Got a knife? Cut off a section about three feet long. I'll get the gag in his mouth while you're doing it. Hangmen always carry their own ropes," he concluded, with grewsome humor. "Got it cut? Well, cut two more sections, same length."

With incredible swiftness the two of them bound the feet, knees and arms of the inert victim.

"I came prepared," said Sprouse, so calmly that Barnes marveled at the iron nerve of the man.

"By heaven, Sprouse, I—I believe he's dead. We—we haven't any right to kill a—"

"Don't be finicky," snapped Sprouse. "It wasn't much of a crack, and it was necessary." Straightening up, with a sigh of satisfaction, he laid his hand on Barnes' shoulder. "We've just got to go through with it now, Barnes. We'll never get another chance. Putting that fellow out of business queers us forever afterward." He dropped to his knees and began searching over the ground with his hands. "Here it is. You can't see it, of course, so I'll tell you what it is. A nice little block of sandalwood. I've already got his nice little hammer, so we'll see what we can raise in the way of wrist-and-chit-chat."

Without the slightest hesitation he struck a succession of quick, confident blows upon the block of wood.

"By gad, you are a wonder!"

"Wait till tomorrow before you say that," replied Sprouse, sententiously. "Come along now. Stick to the trail. We've got to land the other one."

Turning sharply to the right, Sprouse guided his companion through the brush for some distance, and once more came to a halt. Again he stole on ahead, and as before the slow, confident, even careless progress of a man ceased as abruptly as that of the comrade who lay helpless in the thicket below.

Barnes laid a firm, detaining hand on the man's shoulder.

"See here, Sprouse," he whispered, "it's all very well for you, knocking men over like this, but just what is your object? What does all this lead up to?"

Sprouse broke in, and there was not the slightest trace of emotion in his whisper.

"Quite right. You ought to know. I suppose you thought I was bringing you up here for a Romeo and Juliet tete-a-tete with the beautiful Miss Cameron—and for nothing else. Well, in a way, you are right. But, first of all, my business is to recover the crown jewels and parchments. I am going into that house and take them away from the men you know as Loeb. If he has them. If he hasn't them my work here is a failure."

"Going into the house?" gasped Barnes. "Why, my God, man, that is impossible. You would be shot down as an ordinary burglar and—the law would justify them for killing you. I must insist—"

"I am not asking you to go into the house, my friend. I shall go alone," said Sprouse coolly.

"On the other hand, I came up here to rescue a helpless—"

"Keep cool! It's the only way. Now listen. She has designated her room and the windows that are hers. She is lying awake up there now, take it from me, hoping that you will come tonight. I shall lead you directly to her window. And then comes the only chance we take—the only instance where we gamble. There will not be a light in her window, but that won't make any difference. This nobby cane I'm carrying is in reality a collapsible fishing rod. First we use it to tap gently on her window ledge or shade or whatever we find. Then you pass up a little note to her. Here is paper and pencil. Say that you are below her window and—all ready to take her away. Tell her to lower her valuables, some clothes, etc., from the window by means of the rope we'll pass up on the pole. There is a remote possibility that she may have the jewels in her room. For certain reasons they may have permitted her to retain them. If such is the case our work is easy. If they have taken them away from her she'll say so, some way or another—and she will not leave! Now I've had a good look at the front of that house. It is covered with a lattice work and huge vines. I can shin up like a squirrel and go through her room to the—"

"Are you crazy, Sprouse? You'd take your life in your hands and—"

"See here," said Sprouse shortly, "I am not risking my life for the fun of the thing. I am risking it for her, bear that in mind—for her and her people. And if I am killed they won't even say 'Well done, good and faithful servant.' So let's not argue the point. Are you going to stand by me or—back out?"

Barnes was shamed. "I'll stand by you," he said, and they stole forward.

There were no lights visible. The house was even darker than the night itself; it was vaguely outlined by a deeper shade of black.

STOMACH ULCER AND GALL STONES

After Suffering 25 Years, Completely Relieved by "FRUIT-A-TIVES"

MR. EDWARDS

MAPLEHURST FARM, HILLHURST, P.Q.

"I am in my 78th year. *About 25 years ago, I began to have trouble with my Stomach.* One doctor said I had Cancer; another said, Ulcer of the Stomach; another, Gall Stones; others, Ulcers of the Liver and Inflammation of the Gall Bladder.

Three years ago, I consulted one of the best specialists in Montreal. He said I must go to the hospital, have an Ulcer cut out of my stomach and gall stones removed. I was then 74 years old. I said "NO."

Then, I began to take "Fruit-a-tives". I found they helped me a lot, and I still take them occasionally, and I am so much better that my old friends often ask me what I have done to myself to look so well. I am gaining in weight and enjoying life very much"

H. W. EDWARDS.

50c a box, 6 for $2.50, trial size 25c, At dealers or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

At last they were within a few yards of the entrance and at the edge of a small space that had been cleared of shrubbery. Here Sprouse stopped and began to adjust the sections of his fishing rod.

"Write," he whispered. "There is a faint glow of light up there to the right. The third window, did you say? Well, that's about where I should locate it."

The tiny metallic tip of the rod, held in the upstretched hand of Barnes, much the taller of the two men, barely reached the window ledge. He tapped gently, persistently on the hard surface. Just as they were beginning to think that she was asleep and that their efforts were in vain their straining eyes made out a shadowy object projecting slightly beyond the sill.

After a moment or two of suspense Barnes experienced a peculiar, almost electric shock. Someone had seized the tip of the rod; it stiffened suddenly, the vibrations due to its flexibility ceasing. Someone was untying the bit of paper he had fastened to the rod, and with fingers that shook and were clumsy with eagerness.

He had written: "I am outside with a trusted friend, ready to do your bidding. Two of the guards are safely bound and out of the way. Now is our chance. We will never have another. If you are prepared to come with me now write me a word or two and drop it to the ground. I will pass up a rope to you and you may lower anything you wish to carry away with you. But be exceedingly careful. Take time. Don't hurry a single one of your movements." He signed it with a large "B."

It seemed an hour before their eyes distinguished the shadowy head above. As a matter of fact but a few minutes had passed. During the wait Sprouse had noiselessly removed his coat, a proceeding that puzzled Barnes. Something light fell to the ground. It was Sprouse who stooped and searched for it in the grass. When he resumed an upright posture he put his lips close to Barnes' ear and whispered:

"I will put my coat over your head. Here is a little electric torch. Don't flash it until I am sure the coat is arranged so that you can do so without a gleam of light getting out from under." He pressed the torch and a bit of closely folded paper in the other's hand and carefully draped the coat over his head.

Barnes read: "Thank God! I was afraid you would wait until tomorrow night. Then it would have been too late. I must get away tonight but I cannot leave—I dare not leave without something that is concealed in another part of the house. I do not know how to secure it. My door is locked from the outside. What am I to do? I would rather die than to go away without it."

Hastily he wrote: "If you do not come at once, we will force our way into the house and fight it out with them all. My friend is coming up the vines. Let him enter the window. Tell him where to go and he will do the rest. He is a miracle man. Nothing is impossible to him. If he does not return in ten minutes, I shall follow."

There was no response to this. The head reappeared in the window, but no word came down.

Sprouse whispered: "I am going up. Stay here. If you hear a commotion in the house, run for it. Don't wait for me. I'll probably be done for."

"I'll do just as I please about running," said Barnes, and there was a deep thrill in his whisper. "Good luck. God help you if they catch you."

"Not even he could help me then. Good-by. I'll do what I can to induce her to drop out of the window if anything goes wrong with me downstairs."

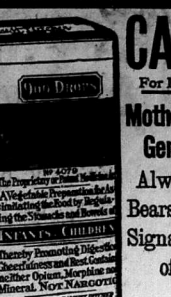
A moment later he was silently scaling the wall of the house, feeling his way carefully, testing every precarious foothold, dragging himself painfully upwards by means of the most uncanny, animal-like strength and stealth.

Barnes could not recall drawing a single breath from the instant the man left his side until the faintly luminous square above his head was obliterated by the black of his body as it wriggled over the ledge.

We will follow Sprouse. When he crawled through the window and stood erect inside the room, he found himself confronted by a tall, shadowy figure, standing half-way between him and the door.

He advanced a step or two and uttered a soft hiss of warning.

"Not a sound," he whispered, drawing still nearer. "I have come four



"Not a Sound," He Whispered.

thousand miles to help you, countess. This is not the time or place to explain. We haven't a moment to waste. I need only say that I have been sent from Paris by persons you know to aid you in delivering the crown jewels into the custody of your country's minister in Paris. We must act swiftly. Tell me where they are. I will get them."

"Who are you?" she whispered tensely.

"My name is Theodore Sprouse. I have been loaned to your embassy by my own government. I beg of you do not ask questions now. Tell me where the prince sleeps, how I may get to his room—"

"You know that he is the prince?"

"And that you are his cousin."

She was silent for a moment. "Not only is it impossible for you to enter his room but it is equally impossible for you to get out of this place except by the way you entered. If I thought there was the slightest chance for you to—"

"Let me be the judge of that, countess. Where is his room?"

"The last to the right as you leave this door—at the extreme end of the corridor. Across the hall from his room you will see an open door. A man sits in there all night long, keeping watch. You could not approach Prince Ugo's door without being seen by that watcher.

"You said in your note to Barnes that the—er—something was in Curtis' study."

"The prince sleeps in Mr. Curtis' room. The study adjoins it, and can only be entered from the bedroom. There is no other door. What are you doing?"

"I am going to take a peep over the transom, first of all. If the coast is clear, I shall take a little stroll down the hall. Do not be alarmed. I will come back—with the things we both want. Pardon me." He sat down on the edge of the bed and removed his shoes. She watched him as if fascinated while he opened the bosom of his soft shirt and stuffed the wet shoes inside.

Then he said: "You are not dressed for flight. May I suggest that while I am outside you slip on a dark skirt and coat? You cannot go far in that dressing gown. It would be in shreds before you had gone a hundred feet through the brush. If I do not return to this room inside of fifteen minutes, or if you hear sounds of a struggle, crawl through the window and go down the vines. Barnes will look out for you."

"You must not fail, Theodore Sprouse," she whispered. "I must regain the jewels and the state papers. I cannot go without—"

"I shall do my best," he said simply. Silently he drew a chair to the door, mounted it and, drawing himself up by his hands, poked his head through the open transom. An instant later he was on the floor again. She heard him inserting a key in the lock. Almost before she could realize that it had actually happened, the door opened slowly, cautiously, and his thin wiry figure slid through what seemed to her no more than a crack. As softly the door was closed.

For a long time she stood, dazed and unbelieving, in the center of the room, staring at the door. She held her breath, listening for the shout that was so sure to come—and the shot, perhaps! A prayer formed on her lips and went voicelessly up to God.

Suddenly she roused herself from the stupefaction that held her. With feverish haste she snatched up garments from the chair on which she had carefully placed them in anticipation of the emergency that now presented itself. A blouse (which she neglected to button), a short skirt of some dark material, a jacket, and a pair of stout walking shoes (which she failed to lace), completed the swift transformation. As she glided to the window, she jammed the pins into a small black hat of felt. Then she peered over the ledge.

She started back, stifling a cry with her hand. A man's head had almost come in contact with her own as she leaned out. A man's hand reached over and grasped the inner ledge of the casement, and then a man's face was dimly revealed to her startled gaze.

CHAPTER XIV.

A Flight, a Stone-Cutter's Shed, and a Voice Outside.

"Why have you come up here?" She came swiftly to his side.

"Thank the Lord, I made it," he whispered, breathlessly. "I came up because there was nowhere else to go. I thought I heard voices—a man and a woman speaking. They seemed to be quite close to me. Don't be alarmed, Miss Cameron. I am confident that I can—"

"And now that you are here, trapped as I am, what do you purpose to do? You cannot escape. Go back before it is too late."

"Is Sprouse—where is he?"

"He is somewhere in the house. I was to wait until he—Oh, Mr. Barnes, I—I am terrified. You will never know the—"

"Trust him," he said. "He is a marvel. We'll be safely out of here in a little while, and then it will all look simple to you. You are ready to go? Good! Sit down, do! If he doesn't return in a minute or two, I'll take a look about the house myself. I don't intend to desert him. I know this floor pretty well, and the lower one. The stairs are—"

"But the stairway is closed at the bottom by a solid steel curtain. It is made to look like a panel in the wall. You are not to venture outside this room, Mr. Barnes. I forbid it. You—"

"How did Sprouse get out? You said your door was locked."

"He had a key. I do not know where he obtained—"

"Skeleton key, such as burglars use. By Jove, what a wonderful burglar he would make! Courage, Miss Cameron! He will be here soon. Then comes the real adventure—my part of it. I didn't come here tonight to get any flashy old crown jewels. I came to take you out of—"

"You—you know about the crown jewels?" she murmured. Her body seemed to stiffen. "Then you know who I am?"

"No. You will tell me tomorrow."

"Yes, yes—tomorrow," she whispered.

For some time there was silence. Both were listening intently for sounds in the hall. She leaned closer to whisper in his ear. Their shoulders touched. He wondered if she experienced the same delightful thrill that ran through his body. She told him of the man who watched across the hall from the room supposed to be occupied by Loeb the secretary, and of Sprouse's incomprehensible daring.

"Where is Mr. Curtis?" he asked.

Her breath fanned his cheek, her lips were close to his ear. "There is no Mr. Curtis here. He died four months ago in Florida."

"I suspected as much." He did not press her for further revelations. "Sprouse should be here by this time. I must go out there and see if he requires any—"

She clutched his arm frantically. "You shall do nothing of the kind. You shall not—"

"Sh! What do you take me for, Miss Cameron? He may be sorely in need of help. Do you think that I would leave him to God knows what sort of fate?"

"But he said positively that I was to go in case he did not return in—in fifteen minutes," she begged. "He may have been cut off and was compelled to escape from another—"

"Just the same, I've got to see what has become of—"

"No! No!" She arose with him, dragging at his arm. "Do not be foolhardy. You are not skilled at—"

"There is only one way to stop me, Miss Cameron. If you will come with me now—"

"But I must know whether he secured the—"

"Then let me go. I will find out whether he has succeeded."

He was rougher than he realized in wrenching his arm free. She uttered a low moan and covered her face with her hands. Undeterred, he crossed to the door. His hand was on the knob when a door slammed violently somewhere in a distant part of the house.

A hoarse shout of alarm rang out, and then the rush of heavy feet over thickly carpeted floors.

Barnes acted with lightning swiftness. He sprang to the open window, half-carrying, half-dragging the girl with him.

"Now for it!" he whispered. "Not a second to lose. Climb upon my back, quick, and hang on for dear life." He had scrambled through the window and was lying flat across the sill. "Hurry! Don't be afraid. I am strong enough to carry you if the vines do their part."

With surprising alacrity and sureness she crawled out beside him and then over upon his broad back, clasping his neck. Holding to the ledge with one hand he felt for and clutched the thick vine with the other. Slowly he slid his body off of the sill and swung free by one arm. An instant later he found the lattice with the other hand and the hurried descent began.

His feet touched the ground. In the twinkling of an eye he picked her up in his arms and bolted across the little grass plot into the shrubbery. She did not utter a sound.

Presently he set her down. His breath was gone, his strength exhausted.

To be continued.

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ABOUT MARQUIS WHEAT

United States Official Tribute to a Canadian Product.

Says It Is the Leading Variety for Growing In the Northern Great Plains — Best All Around Common Wheat to Grow for Breadmaking.

(Contributed by Ontario Department of Agriculture Toronto.)

Following is a digest of Bulletin No. 878 of the U. S. Department of Agriculture. Marquis wheat was originated by Mr. Charles Saunders, Dominion Cerealist, Ottawa:

That Marquis wheat is the leading variety of common wheat for growing in the Northern Great Plains is the conclusion reached by specialists of the United States Department of Agriculture as a result of varietal experiments with spring wheat conducted at 11 field stations in the northern half of the Great Plains area chiefly in co-operation with the state experiment stations. Details of the experiments, including discussions on the principal varieties now and when they come to the front, and how to distinguish them, are contained in Department Bulletin 878, Varietal Experiments with Spring Wheat on the Northern Great Plains, issued by the department.

Introduction to the United States.

Marquis wheat was first introduced into the United States from Canada in 1912, but is now more widely grown than any other variety. It is short-strawed and early maturing, which characteristics sometimes enable it to escape rust and drought.

A demand for information on comparative yields of varieties and their resistance to disease was developed in the Great Plains area by severe losses which have occurred recently, due principally to drought and rust. Although crop yields have sometimes been low, land values have continued to increase in about the same proportion as in other sections. This has increased the cost of production, and, with a return to lower prices for wheat, it is essential that the poorly adapted varieties be eliminated.

Hundreds of foreign and domestic varieties of wheat have been obtained by the department and tested in preliminary nursery experiments, many of them did not show themselves fitted for culture in the semi-arid sections. These varieties were rejected and only the more promising ones were selected to be grown in plat experiments.

The Question of Yield.

In Bulletin 878 the annual yields of the spring wheat varieties grown during the seven years, from 1913 to 1919, are shown for each station. A summary of the yields shows that, in general, the Marquis variety is the highest yielding common spring wheat. It has been included in all of the experiments each year. The better varieties of Durum wheat have outyielded Marquis at all stations but one. The Kubanka Durum wheat outyielded Marquis at seven of the ten stations where it was grown.

Data on rust infection were obtained at seven stations. Marquis wheat shows an average rust infection of 17.7 per cent. in twenty observations. Most of the important commercial varieties of common spring wheat showed a higher percentage of rust infection than Marquis, while all varieties of Durum wheat showed less rust.

Milling Tests.

The leading varieties of spring wheat grown at the eleven stations were milled in an experimental mill and the flour baked into bread in order to determine their relative values for flour and bread-making. It was found that growing conditions and disease had much influence on the percentage of flour obtained, Marquis wheat yielding as low as 66.4 per cent. of flour from sections where it had been affected by rust, while under favorable conditions it produced as high as 75.8 per cent. of flour. The average yield of flour from 37 samples of this variety was 70.2 per cent. Several varieties of common wheat produced distinctly lower percentages of flour than Marquis. Preston (Velvet Chaff) and Haynes Bluestem produced about the same percentage as Marquis. Prelude was the only variety of common spring wheat which had a distinctly higher flour yield than Marquis, the difference being 2.5 per cent. All varieties of Durum wheat, however, yielded a higher percentage than Marquis, except D-5, a red-kernelled Durum wheat which is low in milling value. Each wheat sample was analyzed for nitrogen and the crude protein content determined. Marquis wheat had an average protein content of 15.1 per cent., and other common spring wheats differed only slightly from it.

In concluding the experiments, flour made from each variety of wheat was baked in order to determine the expansion of strength of the dough, the quality of the gluten, and the resulting texture and lightness of the bread. The average loaf volume obtained from 37 samples of Marquis wheat was 2,342 cubic centimetres from 340 grams of flour. This was a greater volume than was obtained from any other variety of wheat except one. All varieties of Durum wheat have a smaller loaf volume than Marquis.

Every farmer should keep some sort of account system of his business. It should show the profit and loss of all of his operations.

Sometimes we can not nurture outbreaks of live stock disease on our farms, but we can and should always use every precaution to prevent it, and that proper precautions are taken when the disease first makes its appearance.

Inventor of the Telephone.

Mr. Alexander Graham Bell, inventor of the telephone, was born in Edinburgh, Scotland, in 1847, and is still living. He settled in Canada in 1870 and in 1871 was appointed professor of vocal physiology in Boston University. He invented the telephone in 1872 and placed it on exhibition at the Philadelphia Exhibition in 1887. He has served as president of the American Association for the Promotion of Speech to the Deaf, also as president of the National Geographic Society and regent for the Smithsonian Institution. France awarded him the Volta prize in 1881.

Hubby—"Our new maid is very tall, isn't she?"

Wife—"Yes; but I don't think she will stay long."

EUROPEAN TRIP

(Continued from Page 2)

Here is a large cemetery for twenty thousand British and Canadian soldiers; Germans also, the British with white crosses, the Germans by themselves with black crosses. They are spending a great deal of time and money fixing up the cemeteries in Belgium and France. On the road we came to the monument erected to the Canadian officers and soldiers. It stands about twenty feet high, surmounted by a large cross. Not far from the monument I saw a lonely soldier's grave. I suppose he had fallen by the way side. Here we saw the wonderful dugouts called the Labyrinth, which took twenty-one days to take. This is one of the Black country, as every foot of it was fought over time and again. We stopped at many of the cemeteries in Belgium and France, and found it everywhere the same, planting flowers and putting in permanent headstones (white marble), and keeping them every care, but every time we approach one of these cemeteries our hearts are filled with sadness, when we see the rows of crosses, and beneath which our brave boys lie in Flanders field, and will never see the poppies grow again, and that they gave their lives for us and what they thought to be right. It touches one's heart, but after life's fitful fever they sleep well.

Lens is another shattered town. It is very pitiful to see the many beautiful homes and fine buildings so completely ruined. Also wonderful to see the magnificent grain growing over the war area. We have never seen finer grain in our lives. Some of it was measured and was seven feet high, and of the 28,000 acres devastated it has all been re-claimed by 20,000. The Belgians are getting right to work and as far as cultivating the land goes, by next year it will all be under cultivation again. They are building small houses everywhere of iron and seem to go at it in such a grave spirit. They have piled up the wire and other debris of war beside the roads, and are using special machinery to level up the fields. It was a wonderful three days' trip and gives one some idea of the horrors of war, with its ruined homes, broken bridges, barren trees and broken families. It makes one pray that war will never be in our fair land.

After the war area we took the train for Paris, reaching there in the late afternoon. We were put up at the Hotel Louvre, a fashionable hotel in the heart of Paris, next the famous Louvre Art Gallery, which we visited twice. We lingered long with the equally famous Monalisa, whom you will remember was stolen and returned after some years. Also with many other well known works of the old masters. Here you will see the Venus de Milos, and many pieces of statuary of which you have read and heard. She looks as true to life as when I saw her first years ago. Now was the time to practice the French we learned years ago, and many were the amusing mistakes we made in our long suffering French. I could read it very well, but it is a different matter to speaking it. Fortunately they speak and understand English. Well here is a story they tell. An American asked a Frenchman if he could speak English. He said he spoke English but understood American.

We spent a day out at Versaille, had lunch at Malmaison in an outdoor cafe; visited Marie Antoinette's cottage, where she and her maids played at dairying, a very picturesque place. Visited the famous Palace, which rendered me speechless—the hall of mirrors reaching from floor to ceiling. This is the place where the Peace Treaty was discussed, and saw the table upon which the statesmans had to place their signature. This old Palace has seen much French history, Antoinette, Josephine, Eugene and the humiliation of 1871, when the French had to submit and Emperor William of Prussia was crowned Emperor of Germany. It must have been a glorious revenge when Germany had to submit to more humiliating terms in 1919. I wish I had time to describe its wonderful parks and fountains. We visited Napoleon's tomb in the Invalides, where the sun falling on it through the beautiful colored windows, gives it wondrous beauty. In the court at the back we saw many captured German guns and airplanes. In Paris we visited the celebrated shops of Paris, and many of the ladies bought beautiful dresses and hats. I thought the most beautiful hats were in elevators the finest I have ever seen. I said to some of the ladies, "Did you notice the elevators?" No, they had not noticed. They were made of plate glass and the most artistic brass fittings; not a bit of wood to be seen. From all sides you could see all over the city. Paris is a beautiful city, with its broad streets and fine parks; it is considered the most beautiful in the world. The cathedral Notre Dame, where Napoleon crowned himself and Josephine is a noble building. The windows are glorious, like Westminster Abbey. Another place of great interest was the circular cinematograph, where the pictures of all nations taking part in the war, was shown. The King of Belgium, with the Royal family, and war generals, America, Japan, Italy, France. It was a study in modern History. One could easily spend a month in this fascinating Paris.

One afternoon we must go to the magnificent Arch de Triumph, that Napoleon had built in 1806 to commemorate his triumphant battles, and there underneath its beautiful arch lies the unknown soldier of France, the highest honor they could confer on him, and in silent reverence we stand and pay tribute to brave Frenchmen, who, as they say, was like white to keep back the German hordes. It was covered with immortelles and fleur de lis flags, a noble tribute.

One day was spent out at the famous Fort of Verdun, which you will remember kept back the Germans when they had a million men in the soldiers. Here is the famous sword trench, where they were buried alive. There were many Americans in Paris, and at our hotel were many fine fashions, some pretty extreme ones too. We visited the Louvre Opera House and saw the play, "The Damnation of Faust", a strange and fascinating play, but would have enjoyed it better could we have understood the French, every word of course, in French. At our hotel I saw the Legion of Honor cross for the first time. The manager had been the recipient of the Legion of Honor Cross, the Croix D'Geurre, and wounded soldier cross. I was glad to see it and the brave man who had won it. It was in all day journey across France. We enjoyed seeing the farming country, where we saw many women working in the fields. They live in small communities and cultivate their land carefully, but different from what we do, more by hand, not so much by machinery and with single horses. We reached Basle on the border of Switzerland, and here is a chance to exercise ones patience, as there are more than a hundred people waiting with their passports and have their luggage examined, which on a hot day is no joke. However, they did not pay much attention to pictures or age. On reaching our hotel at Basle, it was so cool and pleasant, we forgot all about our hot dusty ride. Our dinner was served in the pretty garden and we all did justice to its many courses so nicely served. Switzerland, beautiful Switzerland, how one of all of its charm of mountain and valley.

We left Basle at nine o'clock, and reached Lucerne at eleven o'clock. We were put up at the Hotel de l'Europe facing Lake Lucerne, with Mount Riga towering three thousand feet above us across the lake. Lucerne is one of the favorite resorts of Switzerland, and Switzerland is the play ground of Europe. There are many beautiful Palace Hotels facing the lake, and many people there this year, the first since the war broke out. One day we went up Mount Riga by the Pilicanicular, which is run by a cable, and as we slowly ascend the mountain we see the lovely valleys with their small homes, farms and pretty chalets, all so green. It was a day never to be forgotten. Along the way up the mountain at the small stations, they would come with pretty little baskets of berries and cherries and other fruits. It was so refreshing and we all treated ourselves and had a jolly time. On reaching the highest point we found a beautiful hotel with luncheon all prepared for a party in a large dining room overlooking the valley. The immense windows from which we had a clear view of the snow capped mountains. The days we visited the shops where you will find the most exquisite Swiss embroideries and all kinds of carved wood and jewellery. The Swiss people do a great deal in this in the winter time up in their mountain homes, and are expert workmen. You feel like buying everything you see, but money and a place to put it compels you to go slow. Here is the famous Lion of Lucerne carved in the solid rock to commemorate the death of 600 Swiss soldiers who defended Maria Antionette at the Twelleries Inn. It is the work of a Danish artist, Thoscealden, and is a fine piece of work. The cool lovely walk by the lake shore with its fine trees shading it, is a perfect resort, where you will see people of every nation. Like the board walk at Atlantic city, it is a place for many attractions we were loath eo leave it, especially as here came the parting of the ways, the greater part going into Italy, where we had been invited before, and as it is very warm in Italy in an August, we had made our plans to stay in Switzerland. We were a little party of a dozen, Mr. Campbell, of St. Catharines, his wife and son, Colin, Miss Ritchie, and ourselves.

We started for Suterlaken on a bright clear morning, had a pleasant ride through the country seeing the well kept farms and beautiful mountains. We had lunch on the car when we reached Suterlaken, arriving rather blue look. We thought we would take a motor ride out to some celebrated falls, and enjoyed the ride through many a small Swiss village, but did not think the view worth the money it cost to get there. The shops and country were very fine and well worth visiting.

Montreaux was our next objective, and on our way down at a way side station a charming Swiss gentleman came in our car and was very courteous in translating for us to the conductor. He was very much taken with our member of our party, Miss, as evidently a man position and made himself very agreeable, inviting this lady to bring her party to his Palace Hotel, of which he is the President. We were put up at the Metripole Swiss, which we liked very much. All these hotels face the lake and have beautiful gardens, where you can walk out and enjoy the lovely view. We visited the Castle of Chillon, which Byron has made famous in his Prisoners of Chillon. It is a most sacred ground, as we wandered through it one afternoon, and saw the pole to which Bonnivard was chained for seven long years, for taking up arms to free his country from tyranny and oppression, and when Switzerland became free he was liberated, a real true story, an historical fact. It is a fine old castle on the side of the lake. Switzerland is the richest country in the world, dating from 1291. They have twenty-two Cantons in Switzerland, which have a local form of Government.

On our return from Chillon we went, on the gentleman's invitation, to the Palace Hotel, and it was truly a palace; the finest we had ever seen with the exception of Paris. This is the rich American, lived and held her reception when she married Prince Christopher of Greece. The flowers alone cost ten thousand dollars, and everything else to correspond. We leave Montreaux with regret and sail down lovely Lake Geneva, through long and nine wide. It has fine steamboats. On reaching Gepeva we find a large modern city, the home of large manufactories, especially jewelery, watches and other things. The Peace Conference met there. It was the Swiss national holiday and every place was gaily with flags and pennants. As our hotel, the "Metrepole", faced the English gardens and the lake, we saw everything that was going on. The Band played in the gardens and the boats brilliantly lighted, passing by, made a very gay scene. Our hotel must have had a thousand lights from foundation to roof. We liked Geneva very much, with its bright gay life; the Swiss are a fine people. Miss Withrow calls them God people, so truthful and honorable in their dealings with people.

Our next start was for Paris, an all day's journey through Switzerland and a great part of France. Another day in Paris, visiting the art gallery and shops, then a night ride in the finest sleeping cars it has ever been my good fortune to be in. The boat ride from Calais to Dover was about an hour and a half duration, and perfectly calm, but it is not always so.

Then dear old London. We went to our old hotel, the "Kennelworth", and found everything the same as in 1914. One would think it was just a couple of weeks instead of seven long years. The English are not given to changes as we are. We had two full weeks in London, shopping and sight seeing. Attended Whitfield's Church on Tottenham Court Road, where they were celebrating the one hundredth anniversary of Toplady's death. He wrote the beautiful hymn "Rock of Ages", you will remember. We also went down to the Methodist Church across from the Abbey, where they had a splendid service, well attended, and were very cordial in their treatment of strangers. One day we went out to old Hampton Court, which you will remember Cardinal Woolsey built, and that old church still stands on the river bank. It is a fine old building in good preservation, fine pictures and beautiful gardens. Here is the wonderful old grape vine covered with glass. It is hundreds of years old, and it had six hundred bunches of the finest grapes on it this summer. They are given to the hospitals. Went to the Lyceum Theatre to see Abraham Lincoln played. Enjoyed it very much. Joined with the Americans in singing their national airs between scenes. London now seems like home. We have learned to find our way through the busy streets and on top the big motor buses. It is a wonderfully busy city, more people on the streets than any other city we have, but the traffic is so well handled, there are very few accidents.

The day before we sailed we

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Plain Talks - No. 7

DEAR PEOPLE,—

We purpose taking for our text this period, "Sell Your Hammer and Buy a Horn." Our past lectures, besides being to us very profitable, have proved also to have annoyed one or two persons, namely, bums and stool pigeons. So accept our apologies if we seem to be blowing a little, and try us out and we will prove our words. We intend during the coming months to do a little profit sharing among our friends. Whilst waiting in Toronto and West it was our good fortune to become acquainted with leather dealers of a much larger standing than some of our competitors, and also to buy in markets more reasonable. By buying in large quantities we were able to purchase the best oak tanned leather at 17c. below ordinary market price. So as an inducement for you to try out this real good quality we intend to make a big reduction in the price of our shoe repairs, so take note of the following list and give us a trial to convince you we have the real goods.

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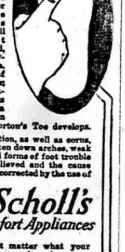

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Every autumn outing—A drive in your car, out on the river or lake in the boat, or a hike through the fields and roads, is made a double enjoyment if you take along a Kodak. You get the genuine Kodak and Brownie Camera in Napanee, only at WALLACE'S.

Messrs. Damon and Chas. Garrison have purchased the Davis grocery on John street.

The Adolphustown W. I. will meet at the home of Mrs. Andrew Magee on Wednesday afternoon, Dec. 14th.

Don't forget the Lennox Fair annual dance, in the Napanee Armouries, on December 30th. Garrett's orchestra, of Brockville, in attendance.

The Salvation Army War Cry has issued an attractive Christmas number which is now on sale by the usual officers of the Local Corp. The price is 10c.

Oysters—fresh oysters direct from Baltimore, best quality, lowest price. Also fresh salmon, salmon snacks, finnan haddies, fillets, bloaters, codfish, cleaned herring, etc. FRANK H. PERRY, phone 130.

Owing to the death of Mrs. John Walsh, the entertainment which was to have been held in the Parish Hall, under the auspices of the Women's Catholic League, on Wednesday evening, December 14th, has been postponed until Monday evening, Dec. 19th.

The remains of the late Ruth Bartlett, youngest daughter of the late Mr. C. E. Bartlett, of Napanee, were brought to Napanee on Thursday last for interment in the family plot. The late Miss Bartlett, who was a trained nurse, had been ill with tuberculosis for some time in the London, Ont., hospital.

The remains of the late Mrs. W. E. Boyes, of Montreal, are being brought to Napanee this afternoon and the funeral will take place on the arrival of the train, to Riverside cemetery. Mrs. Boyes was a daughter of the late Garrett Vanalstine, Palace road. Miss Eunice Vanalstine is a sister of deceased.

At H. W. KELLY'S you can get the best citron peel 57c., also lemon and orange peel (fresh) 37c. per lb., seedless raisins 25c., seeded raisins 25c., Dalmoco molasses, the best for your fruit cake. New prunes (not cold storage) cleaned, Sunkist oranges all sizes, 10 bars comfort soap 69c.; lovely cranberries just in, Spanish onions, fresh dates in bulk, finest eating grapefruit; also all kinds of candy for your Xmas stockings; also mixed nuts at H. W. KELLY'S Grocery, Campbell House corner.

"Abhor that which is evil; cleave to that which is good; be kindly affectionate one to another with brotherly love; in honor preferring one another; not slothful in business; fervent in spirit; serving the Lord; rejoicing in hope; patient in tribulation; continuing instant in prayer." Romans 12-9, 12. "He will guide you into all truth," John 16-13; "The blood of Jesus Christ His Son, cleanseth us from all sin," I John 1-7.

Mine is the sin, but Thine the righteousness,
Mine is the guilt, but Thine the cleansing blood;
Here is my robe, my refuge, and my peace—
Thy blood, Thy righteousness, O Lord My God.

A BIBLE LOVER.

Poultry Day Specials!

In aluminunware, enamelware, Pyrex ovenware, nickledware, and tinware. A splendid assortment at WILSON'S HARDWARE.

The Humble Home "In the Rear"

A man, gaunt, hollow-eyed, lay on the bed in a little shack "in the rear." The closed window was a silent reproach to an unwholesome garbage heap within twenty feet of the front door. There, the man, his wife and two children existed, miserably.

How could a victim of tuberculosis possibly recover under such conditions?

Ah! the pitiful lack of money to provide for his needs! The dumb agony in his wife's eyes!

The National Sanitarium came to the rescue. He was sent to the Muskoka Hospital for Consumptives, and the family provided for in healthy surroundings.

That was a year ago. It has taken time, but pure air, perfect rest, proper—and sufficient—food, have done their work.

It is expected that a few months will complete his recovery, and fit him for light work.

Contributions may be sent to Hon. W. A. Charlton 223, College Street, Toronto.

PERSONALS

(All our readers are cordially invited to hand in or send in, any news they may have for this column).

Mrs. Geo. D. Hawley entertained on Friday evening last—Cards.

Mr. Rockwell Parks was in Peterborough a few days last week attending a judging competition.

Mr. H. W. Pringle spent last week attending the International Fair in Chicago, Ill., where he visited his uncle, Mr. F. W. Pringle.

Mrs. A. W. Benjamin, Yarker, is the guest of Mrs. (Dr.) Galbraith.

Miss Elizabeth Waller was home from Kingston for the week-end.

Mrs. Graham, Toronto, spent the week-end with her parents, Dr. and Mrs. R. A. Leonard.

Mrs. Clarence Vanalstine is spending Christmas with friends in Ottawa.

Miss Bessie Sherwood, Ottawa, spent the week-end with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Sherwood.

Mr. and Mrs. F. E. VanLuven spent a few days last week in Toronto.

Mrs. Shorey, Acton, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Harold Anderson.

Mr. Jas. Ball has returned to his home in Collingwood to spend a few months.

Mr. Lorne Reddick was in Toronto on Thursday and Friday last attending the Ontario Creamerymen's Convention.

Mr. Jas. Stark returned to his home in the West on Wednesday last after an extended visit with friends and relatives in this locality.

Mrs. M. McDonald, Mill street, who recently underwent an operation in the Hotel Dieu, Kingston, we are pleased to say, is improving nicely.

Mrs. Ralph M. Sills will receive for the first time since her marriage, on Friday afternoon, December 16th, from four till six o'clock, at her home Robinson street.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Shannon, of Napanee, announce the engagement of their elder daughter, Norma Eilleen, to Mr. Herbert Bell Kerby, of Calgary, Alta., for marriage to take place Christmas week.

Misses Letha and Dorothy Scott were in Belleville last Thursday evening to take part in a recital given by the pupils of Professor and Mrs. Wheatley. Miss Letha Scott also received the Associate of Music Degree.

BIRTHS

Sexsmith—At Richmond, on Saturday, December 10th, 1921, to Mr. and Mrs. Irwin Sexsmith, a daughter.

DEATHS

Airhart—At Richmond, on Friday, December 9th, 1921, Frank Airhart, aged 62 years, 6 months.

Anderson—At the Hotel Dieu, Kingston, on Saturday, December 11th, 1921, Chas. A. Anderson, of Napanee, aged 61 years, 4 months and 10 days.

Bartlett—At St. Joseph's hospital, London, on Tuesday, December 6th, 1921, Ruth Bartlett, formerly of Napanee.

Boyes—At Montreal, on Sunday, December 11th, 1921, Annabel Vanalstine, wife of Mr. W. E. Boyes.

French—At Richmond, Sunday, December 11th, 1921, Albert Lorne French, son of Mr. and Mrs. Schuyler French, aged 11 years, 4 months.

Pollard—At North Fredericksburgh, Monday, December 12th, 1921, John Pollard, aged 88 years and 5 months.

Walsh—At Napanee, on Sunday, December 11th, 1921, Susan Walsh, aged 70 years.

Whitney—At Toronto, October 22nd, 1921, James, infant son of Mr. and Mrs. George Whitney, (nee Olive Loucks).

"Douro" Aluminumware in attractive Xmas packages at DAVY & ALLISON'S.

Patricia Trio, in Costumed Program of Song and Story, Feature the Irish Har

Local Folks Will Enjoy Old Songs of England, Scotland, Ireland and Wales, When Patricia Trio Comes to Town—Vocal and Instrumental Artists of Unusual Abilities.

The Irish harp, originally used as a minstrel harp in old Ireland, has come into popular favor in this country and is undoubtedly one of the most desirable of accompanying instruments. When the Patricia Trio appears here in the near future the Irish harp will be a feature of their delightful program. The songs of old Ireland, England, Scotland and Wales are rendered by these three clever artists, Miss Patricia Gilmore, lyric soprano, Miss Beulah Margolis harpist, reader and contralto, and Mr. Benjamin Schroeder, baritone.

Hear them in
TOWN HALL, NAPANEE
SATURDAY EVENING, DECEMBER 17TH

GIFT SUGGESTION COLUMN

FROM FUR COATS TO RATTLES - - - - GIFTS GALORE

As Christmas Time Approaches, the Question "WHAT SHALL I GIVE," Grows to be a Real Live Issue.

From among our many Departments you will be able to choose gifts for every member of your family. If you want a Fur Coat for mother or daughter, or a rattle for the baby, you will find it here "somewhere." Now, as always, we can guarantee the quality of our merchandise, and can positively assure you that our prices are absolutely rock bottom.

These Items all Priced $5.00 and Less, will make Useful and Acceptable Gifts

XMAS GIFTS COSTING $2.00 AND LESS

Tea Aprons in variety of styles and designs, priced at 50c., 75c., and $1.00 each.
Camisoles in silk and lace, white or pink, at $1.69 each.
Ladies' Fibre Silk Scarfs, green or black, at $1.69 each.
Infants' White Pullover Sweaters, at $2.00 each.
Ladies' hip length Spencer Jackets, all colors, at $1.95 each.
O'Cedar Polishing Mops at $1.25 and $2.00 each.
O'Cedar Dusting Mops, at $2.00 each.
Turkish Bath and Huckaback Towels, 50c up to $2.
Stamped Pillow Cases, at $1.50 a pair.
All Linen Tray Cloths, hemstitched, Damask and Plain Linen, at $1.00, $1.50, and $2.00 each.
Stand and Dresser Scarfs, hemstitched and embroidered, at 75c. up to $2.00 each.
Doyleys in Cluny, Maderia, India, and Swiss lace, from 25c. up to $2.00 each.
Waist and Skirt Hangers, 79c. and $1.00 each.
Hot Water Bag Containers, $1.25.
Ladies' Combing Jackets, $1.50 each.
Corset Containers, 75c. each.
White Aprons, 75c. each.
Chamoisette Gloves, gauntlet and short, $1.00, $1.25, $1.50 pair.
Handkerchiefs, by box, 30c., 40c., 50c., 75c., 95c., $1.00, $1.25, $1.95.
Silk Hose, black, white and colors, $1.50, and $2.00 pair.
Cashmere Hose, fancy and plain, $1.00, $1.25, $1.50 and $2.00 pair.
Fancy Bead Necklets 25c., 50c., 75c., $1.00, $1.25, $1.50, $1.75, $2.00, $3.50 each.

XMAS GIFTS COSTING $4.00 AND LESS

Girls' heavy, warm Kimonas, $3.25 and $3.50 each.
Girls' Wool Jumper Sweaters, in colors, at $3.75 and $4.00 each.
Ladies' Habutai Silk Bloomers, white and colors, at $3.95 each.
Beautiful Brassieres, fancy designs, at $3.50 and $4.00 each.
Cotton Down Filled, Art Chintz Covered Comforters, double bed size, at $3.50 and $3.95 each.
India Lace Doyleys, 15 inch, round shape, at $3.00 each; 16 inch, $3.50.
Maderia Linen Embroidered Doyleys, 18 inch, at $3.00 and $3.50 each.
24 inch all linen Cluny Lace Doyleys, at $3.00 and $3.50 each.
All Linen Towels, hemstitched, fancy designs, at $3.00, $3.50, and $3.75 a pair.
Fancy Silk Bags, $2.50 to $4.00.
Fancy Velvet Bags, $3.75 each.
Ladies' Black Silk and Cotton Parasols, $3.95.
Silk Camisoles, each $3.95.
Italian Silk Vests, flesh color, $4.00 each.
Italian Glove Silk Hose, colors black and white, $4.00 pair.
Hand Bags, $3.50, $3.75, $4.00 each.
Men's V Neck Sweaters, $3.00.
Men's Coat Sweater, special $4.00.
Fancy Fibre Silk Scarfs, $3.50.
Men's Winter Gauntlet Mitts, $2.50.
Men's Pyjamas, $2.50.

XMAS GIFTS COSTING $3.00 AND LESS

Ladies' Tie Back Sweaters, special $2.98 each.
Babies' White Wool Sweater Coats, $2.75 each.
Girls' Tam and Scarf Sets, various shades, at $2.25 each.
Silk Scarfs and Silk Camisoles, at $2.50 and $2.98.
Girls up to 14 years Pleated Serge Skirts, at $2.98 each.
School Girls Middies, at $1.50, $2.00, $2.50, and $3.00 each.
Table Damask lengths 1½, 1¾, 2, 2¼ and 2½ yards, at 98c., $1.13, $1.14, $1.32, $1.30, $1.50, $1.47, $1.69, $1.63, and $1.88.
Horrockses Hemstitched Pillow Cases, made from Circular Pillow Cotton, at $2.70, and $3.00 a pair.
Bed Spreads at $2.75, $2.85, and $3.00 each.
Baby All Wool Crib Blankets, at $2.50 each.
6 yard lengths of Downy Kimona Cloth for $3.00.
Silk Crepe Scarf, $2.50 each.
Jumper Flannel, $2.50 per yard.
Clocked, fancy stripe, and plain Silk Hose, $2.25, $2.95, $3.00 pair.
Suede and Glace French Kid Gloves, $2.95 pair.
Mocha wool lined Gloves, $2.50, $3.00 pair.
Hand Bags and Purses, $2.25, $2.50, $2.75, $3.00 each.
Ladies' Fancy Neckwear, $2.50, $2.75, $3.00 each.
Ladies' Fancy Heather Hose, $2.25 pair.

XMAS GIFTS COSTING $5.00 AND LESS

Girls' Flannel Middies, Balkan style, at $4.50 each.
Women's Habutai Silk Underskirts, colored in all shades, at $4.50 each.
Our very best range of Camisoles at $4.25 and $4.50 each.
Beautiful pieces of "Chefs' Own" quality of Aluminum at prices running as high as $4.25 each.
50 inch wide Quilted Silence Cloth to protect your table top, 2 yards for $3.60; 2¼ yards for $4.05; 2½ yards for $4.50.
2½ yard lengths of Table Damask for $5.00.
All Linen Towels, Old Bleah make, at $5.00 a pair.
1 dozen Napkins, 22 inch size, at $4.50 and $5.00 a dozen.
Two 3 lb. 72 x 90 inch Wool Cotton Batts for $5.00.
Silk and Wool Parasols, $4.50, $5.00 each.
Fancy Velvet and Silk Bags, $4.50, $4.75.
Hand Bags, in Suede and Leather, $4.50, and $5.00 each.
Italian Silk Bloomers, $4.50.
Fancy Italian Silk Hose, $4.25 pair.
Pongee Silk Shirts, $5.00.
Men's V Neck Sweaters, $4.50.
Men's Pullover Sweaters, fancy, $4.50.

Toy-land is the Centre of Attraction for Old and Young

The Door of Welcome Stands Open---Bring the Children

With the vast assortments of Play Toys, Games and Dolls our Toyland is surely a wonderful place of amusement. This year when buying Toys a little money will go a long way. You will be gladdened and surprised with various useful gifts obtainable on our 25c. and 50c. tables.
Our Doll assortments are really extraordinary in value as well as being more beautiful in expression and detail.
Priced from 50c. in sleepers up to $4.50.
Varied indeed are the numerous decorations that are obtainable for your Xmas tree and for your home.

ALL DRAWINGS OF SANTA CLAUS MUST BE AT OUR STORE NOT LATER THAN SATURDAY, DECEMBER 17th.

Men's Fur-Collared Overcoats, Extra Special at $33.95

A Dark Grey Barrie Cloth, with fine curl lining, Mohair sleeve lining, rubber interlining in body and sleeves, knitted wool wind wristlets, leather arm pits, Mohair barrell buttons and loops, Otter Marmot shawl collar.
May be had in sizes 38 to 46.

You will consider this garment very interesting value at $33.95.

A Before Xmas Sale of Dresses On Sale $21.50 Each

Values up to $40.00 and $45.00

ON FRIDAY MORNING (this week), at 9.30 a.m., we are placing on sale one reel containing 30 Dresses.
These frocks have been chosen from our regular stock and are mostly all one-of-a-kind, and at the very most two-of-a-kind, and in but a few instances.
They are fashioned by the best dress-makers of Canada.
The materials come from the best mills in the world, hence you can readily see that these Dresses are exceptional values.
In the assortment are several Serge Dresses, the balance are made from Canton Crepe, Taffeta, Silk, Crepe, Duchess and Messaline Satin.
Sizes range from 16 Misses, to 42 Women's. Obtainable in all the leading colors.

Quality, Service, Value.

THE ROBINSON CO., LIMITED

We close at 10 p.m. Saturdays. Other days at 5.30 p.m.